THE ELKHORN MERCURY

VOLUME IX. ELKHORN, MANITOBA, THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1917. NUMBER 33

Crockery Department

UPSTAIRS YOU WILL FIND WHAT YOU NEED IN

Dinner Sets $15.00 and upwards, Jugs, Tea Pots, Cups and Saucers, Soup Plates, etc. Platters large and small, Soup Tureens, Vegetable Dishes and Pudding Dishes Bowls all sizes, Flower Pots and Toilet Sets, Fancy China, Silver & Glass ---in all a pleasing :: variety ::

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Big Gala Week For Virden

Virden Chautauqua opens on Tuesday, July 24th, and will continue for one whole, happy week of instruction and wholesome entertainment, by speakers, musicians and entertainers of international reputation. Thirty-three public spirited citizens of Virden have made Virden Chauttauqua possible and desire the co-operative assistance of everyone in the community to ensure its success.

The Chautauqua movement has proven the most effective community builder—for to be successful the Chautauqua impels the co-operation of the entire community, in a united effort for the common good.

The Chautauqua is broadly educational without being academic.

The Chautauqua has solved the problem of clean, wholesome public entertainment.

Without touch of creed or denomination, the Chautauqua is consistently a true expression of Christianity. It is Catholic only in the sense that it embraces all creeds and faiths; Protestant only in that it protests against all evil.

The Chautauqua platform is democratically a political but non-partizan forum for discussion of great questions by the moving brains of the world.

The Chautauque movement is the greatest leveller of prejudice in church, state and school known to modern times.

The Chautauqua is an international movement towards world democracy, expressed in the fellowship of mutual service, emulating the highest aspirations of mankind in every avenue of progressive endeavor.

Kirkellograms

Miss Halliday and sister Effie, of Hargrave, are visiting friends here this week.

The Kirkella L. O. L. have acquired a new banner.

Our baseball boys are having a busy season. Their latest victory was at the Picnic at McCormick's Bridge on Friday last when Inglesfield were the victims. They are hoping for a game with Elkhorn in the near future.

Mr. I. Lemon has 100 acres of wheat nicely headed out.

Dont forget the Picnic and Dance on Thursday the 26th.

THE RECORD BREAKER

Kola Picnic, held last Thursday, Proves as Popular as Ever

Many Automobiles from town and district try out the Good Roads which make the Travelling very pleasant

Under ideal weather conditions the ninth annual Picnic in connection with the Church of the Advent, Kola, and under the auspices of the Ladies Aid, was held on Thursday last in the grounds of the old Kola Post Office, by kind permission of Mr. S. Wright.

Great preparation had been made previously by the men — fixing tables, seats, etc. A more charming spot for such a function could nowhere be found. The foliage of the oak, cherry, maple and poplar, being at its best, lent a charm to the scene and its proceedings.

The popularity of this time honoured event increases as the years pass by. This year many old friends and willing workers were missed and wanted, whilst on the other hand, we were delighted to welcome new friends and helpers. Many journeyed from distant Sackatchewan, Virden and Elkhorn From all outward appearance Kola Picnic affords the happy and yearly "rendezvous" of friends old and young, from far and near.

This year between four and five hundred availed themselves of the opportunity of renewing friendships and acquaintances. The morning broke cloudy and misty, bnt as the day wore on it grew brighter, the sky cleared and "King Sol" reigned supreme.

The Ladies Aid, ably assisted by friends, well maintained their reputation (in spite of the prevailing war conditions and prices) and provided a most sumptuous supper. During the afternoon and evening the proceedings were enhanced and enlivened by the Elkhorn Band, under the able conductorship of Mr. Mooney. After supper, races for the children, and a baseball tournament were held. The contesting teams were Butler, Arawana and Lippentot, the final result being: Butler 7— Arawana 3; Arawana 13—Lippentot 3; W. Poston, umpire. The game was witnessed by a large assembly. Night came all to soon, but all things must have an end, even good things and as the shaddows began to fall, many, tired but happy, began to plod their homeward way once more to do the chores and tend to the "lowing herds. Many were the expressions of satisfaction and one frequently heard "This is the best they ever had", so we extend our congratulations to the promoters and workers of so successful an undertaking.—Con'd.

Grim Tragedy Arouses the Sympathy of District

News was received on Monday of the death at Sibbald, Alta., on Saturday, July 7th, of Clarence, only son of Mr. George Leach. From further information it appears that the deceased was instantly killed by being thrown from, and struck by the wheel of, a tank waggon, in a run-a-way when returning from the home of his sister' who resides in that district. The body was brought to Elkhorn for interment, the funeral service conducted by the Rev. Bell, being held at St. Mark's Church, on Wednesdy afternoon. The deceased who was in his fifteenth year, was a bright, intellegent lad, and had stayed at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. Leach in this district until the past two summers. He was last here in April, and the news of his sudden death was an auful shock to those in this community who knew him so well. Deep sympathy is expressed for the bereaved ones.

Business Locals

FOR SALE—Ford car. Mechanically perfect. Apply to— Mr. Vodden, Elkhorn.

STRAYED from my farm sec. 24-11-29, about the end of April a yearling grade steer, red. Any information leading to its recovery will be thankfully received by— H. Burton, Phone 83—24.

Card of Thanks

Mr. and Mrs. W. Paull wish to express their thanks for the many expressions of sympathy and condolence extended to them at the time of their bereavement.

Another Car to His Credit

The C. P. R. loading platform was again a busy spot on Wednesday of last week. It was the day chosen for the shipment of waste paper collected by the ladies of the I.O.D. E. and for the rounding up of the scrap iron left over from, and brought in since, the last loading. Mr. R. Rodgers was early on the scene and, although at first somewhat handicapped for want of help, soon got things started. The paper was brought over from Mr. Vodden's warehouse several car owners rendering valuable assistance in this work, and first loaded, the remainder of the space being filled with scrap iron. By supper time everything (and a little more) was cleaned up, the door closed and sealed up and the car ready for its journey. This is the third shipment within two weeks that Mr. Rodgers has helped to send forward and it is greatly owing to his efforts that the Red Cross Society will receive the welcomed addition to the fund which the sale of this material should bring.

There is still a large quantity of useless machinery and old iron in the district, and Mr. Rodgers is anxious to have it distinctly understood that he is acting for the Red Cross in this district for its collection and, later on, hopes to send forward at least one more car.

Kirkella I.O.D.E. Notes

The proceeds of the last Silver Tea were $1.95.

The next meeting of the Chapter instead of being held on the last Wednesday of the month, will take place on Tuesday, July 24th.

A Picnic will be held at Kirkella on Thursday; July 26th, under the auspices of the Kirkella I.O.D.E. Supper will be served on the school grounds—Adults 35c., children 10c Dance in the Orange Hall at night. Admission, 50c.

Conscription Assured

Exciting scenes marked the taking of the vote on the second reading of the bill for compulsory military service, last Friday. The result registered was 118 "for" and "55" against. Several English-speaking Liberals broke away from the leadership of Sir Wilfrid Laurier on this question and thus gave the government a larger majority than is usual when an important decicion has to be reached.

Before the bill was sanctioned, Sir Wilfrid Laurier's proposal that the opinion of the people on conscription should be tested by a referendum was defeated by a majority of 49. The attendance of members of the House was the largest that has been seen in parliament for many years. The gallaries were filled throughout the night and until the proceedings closed at sunrise Amongst the spectators were soldiers returned from Europe, and women.

IN EACH DEPARTMENT OF OUR STORE YOU WILL FIND

GOODS SPECIALLY SELECTED

For YOUR USE and COMFORT for the SUMMER WEATHER

Hammocks, strongly made, and new colorings, $2.35 to $7.50 each

Light Summer Waists, Voile and Muslin, all new priced $1.35 to $3.50

White Pique Skirts $2.50 and $1.50

We are also showing a large range of Ladies', Gents' & Boys' Rain and Motor Coats. Our range in price, $4 to $22 will give you an idea of the assortment.

We are showing several lines of Coal Oil and Gasoline Stoves, the most popular being the "Florence" Coal Oil Stove, made in two and three burner style. Ovens to fit each style. These stoves show all new features and, with the low price of coal oil, make summer cooking inexpensive. Every home should have one. Prices $5.00 to $16.00

Seasonable Fruits, Jellies, etc., for the table. Have you sampled our cooked meats?

When thinking of preserving, "Remember"---We have facilities for giving you the choicest at the lowest possible cost.

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A reliable French regulator; never fails. These pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the generative portion of the female system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at $5 a box, or three for $10. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

MAID MARJORY

— BY —

L. G. MOBERLY

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

There was a chair beside the couch and Leslie sat down upon it, her hand lightly clasped in her lap; her eyes fixed upon her patient. But though they looked at the unconscious woman they did not see her. They saw nothing of the immediate surroundings. She was no longer a colt and desolate woman in a lonely house amongst the down. She was a girl, a glad-hearted girl with all life before her, all the happiness of life in her grasp. The howling wind, the beating rain of the October night no longer sounded in her ears. The glory of summer lay about her; she was in a garden sweet with the fragrance of June roses; and Raymond Brent's arm held her close, Raymond Brent's kisses were on her lips. With all the strength of an impetuous, undisciplined nature, she had loved the man who seemed to her a very king among men. She had given him a passionate, unquestioning devotion—and the rose-scented garden had seemed to her a Paradise.

"It was too strong for us. Love is so strong, so great—it mastered Raymond and me." The words spoken just now in the dying woman's faint, trembling voice swung into Leslie's mind, and with them came the remembrance of how May Trevor first came into her life and Raymond's. In that summer of her own great happiness May came to stay with the Brents, with Raymond's father and mother, whose house was in the same village where she herself lived with an aunt. And May's sweet face had stolen Raymond from her. It had all come about gradually, almost imperceptibly, as such things do; in some inexplicable fashion Raymond and May had drawn together, and she had found herself left outside that wonderful magic circle where there is only room for two. As she sat there in the silent studio looking at her rival's unconscious face, the old pain, the old intolerable anguish, swept over her again, and her heart seethed with bitterness and hatred.

"It was too strong for us." Oh, yes—that had been the excuse Raymond and May gave for breaking another woman's heart and life. Raymond came to her with that plausible story; May wrote her an absurd, sentimental little letter saying the same thing. And she had laughed contemptuously in Raymond's face, thank heaven her pride had at least helped her to do as much as that; she had sent May's letter back to to her, torn across and across, as a mark of scornful indifference. And, having done these things, having spurned lover and friend, she had vowed never again to love a human soul, never again as long as she lived would she allow another fellow creature to influence her or to hold a place in her heart. From henceforth she would show nothing but coldness and hardness to the whole world.

But tonight, with May lying there on the couch before her, with the past staring her in the face, in spite of the icy band she had put about her heart, some of the old pain awoke. Long ago her passionate love for Raymond had turned to hatred; even the news of his death a few months before had had no power to soften her; and for Raymond's widow she felt nothing but dislike and contempt. Neither the sweetness of the white face against the cushions, nor the appeal in May's brown eyes, nor the helplessness of the dying woman had been able to rouse in Leslie any gentler emotion. She was glad—very glad, that disaster had overtaken her rival; that trouble and suffering had come as a restitution, a righteous judgment to those two who between them had killed her soul! So her thoughts ran on until they were suddenly interrupted.

"My little girl, who will take care of her?" The faint voice penetrated into Leslie's reverie, and she roused herself to find May's brown eyes looking at her with a yearning, questioning glance.

"I am not afraid to die," the hesitating tones continued. "Raymond is waiting for me; I couldn't ever be afraid when Raymond is there. But—my girlie—my little Marjory—who will take care of Marjory?" The faint voice rose in a pitiful cry that rang round the big room, and Leslie rose from her chair and stood again beside the couch, not stirred to any feeling of pity, but moved only by an impatient wish to still that pitiful cry.

"Who is Marjory?" she asked. "what do you want me to do about her, and who is she?"

"Marjory is our little girl, Raymond's and mine." May spoke almost dreamily; it was as if she had forgotten she was speaking to the woman she had injured, the woman who had been hurt by her happiness. "Marjory is so like Raymond, like him in character, like me in face. But she has her father's beautiful soul, a goodly heritage."

For one moment, just for one moment, some of the ice about Leslie's heart seemed to melt as May's words brought before her mind the remembrance of Raymond's nobility of nature. She knew that May was right. Raymond's was a beautiful soul; it was something stronger than he, the strongest force in the world, which had drawn him away from her to May. Perhaps—but she thrust the softer thought from her, and laughed a laugh that echoed round the room as May's cry had done.

"A goodly heritage" she said mockingly. "Will she, too, be false to love? Will she, too, break faith as her father did? A goodly heritage!"

"Ah, forgive!" Over the face of the woman on the couch grey shadows were creeping, her hand groped feebly over the coverlet. "Forgive us both, and take care of my little Marjory—for pity's sake, for God's sake take care of our little girl!"

A refusal rose to Leslie's lips but no words came; because a sudden thought had flashed into her mind, a thought surely sown there by the author of evil. Revenge was being put into her hands at last. Why should she not use Raymond's own child as the instrument of her vengeance? The thought came and went with lightning rapidity, but the seed, once sown, sprang at once to a full grown tree. The very person who had done her such a deadly injury was unwittingly putting into her hands a tool of vengeance, and the vengeance could be wreaked upon an innocent child.

"Take care of my little Marjory." The words were breathed, scarcely spoken, in great gasps; there were long pauses between each. On the dying face the grey shadow grew deeper, the groping hands groped no longer, they lay very still upon the coverlet. Leslie knelt down beside the couch, and spoke slowly and distinctly:

"I will take care of your child," she said. "Can you hear me? I will take care of Marjory. Leave her to me. Can you hear?"

Just once more the groping hands stirred; into the fast dimming eyes there came a gleam of light, a smile flickered over the white lips.

"Then—you—forgive?" May whispered. "God—bless—you and my little Marjory—take—care—of her." There was a moment's silence, and then all at once she half lifted herself up, a great radiance shone in her face, she stretched out her arms.

"Raymond, oh! Raymond," she said. And then she slipped back amongst the cushions in the sleep from which there is no awakening; but upon her face there still lingered a wonderful light and the smile upon her lips was a smile of ineffable joy.

(To Be Continued.)

His Bluff Called

Hindenburg is always talking and never succeeds in saying the same thing twice. "It is nonsense," he said in October, "to assert that it is my intention to shorten the western front. Why should I do this? Our front in the west is as firm as it could be." "Let them bite into the granite of our wall in the west!" he exclaimed triumphantly in December. It is at all events quite clear that the great plan, whatever it may be, has been greatly modified since October and even since December. What was "nonsense" in October became a sublime manifestation of genius in March; what was "granite" in December looks very like putty in April.—Westminster Gazette.

"Ma, I can tell you all about the calories in our food now."

"No, you can't Mary Jane. There ain't none. The man I deal with keeps everything in his store covered up."

"What's the trouble with that motor car of yours?"

"Had to put it up," replied Mr. Cluggins. "You see, I bought it on credit. If I burn the gasolene necessary to run it I won't be able to meet the payments."

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY — 10 CENTS PER PLUG

Unoccupied Lands In the West

Regarding Land Settlement and Our Railway Situation

Parliament is about to consider:

1. The settlement of soldiers on the land.

2. Our railway situation.

It is to be hoped that the relationship between these two subjects will not be overlooked.

Our western prairie lands are so extensive that to understand the situation it may be desirable to refer to them figuratively. Compare them to a huge manufacturing establishment. A great building has been set up. Only a few of the enormous workshops have been provided with machines. The rest are empty. Indeed to reach many of the machine shops we have to travel through some of the enormous empty rooms. More workmen are said to be coming—the returned soldiers and renewed Immigration—the management (the government) is arranging for this.

Shall we place equipment in the empty rooms and so utilize those extensive premises that are a dead-weight charge on the establishment (translating the figure, these are the railways, the elevators, the towns and cities)—or—shall we extend the already overgrown factory and put the new equipment in the extensions?

You know very well what answer a board of directors would give to this conundrum.

It is generally the proposition that is before us. We propose to give unoccupied homestead lands, and these are now far away from existing railroads, to returned soldiers. That, of course, means building railroads to bring out the produce. Then we are to provide equipment, government loans, to develop the lands.

It is true, practically all of the space within the workshop has been bespoken by individuals and corporations who own these vacant lands; and it is well to note that the preliminary announcement of the minister of the interior provides that the proposed "soldier settlement board" may lend money for the actual purchase of land, as well as for the development, equipment and live stock that will be necessary for reaching the productive stage.

This wise provision of ways and means for purchasing land will enable the board to select applicants to those vacant lands near existing railroads; and there can be but little doubt that greater success will attend well-directed efforts in farming such lands, than in opening up areas that are not at present provided with railways. Such a course would also be more beneficial to the country generally, for our railway situation as such that the country can afford, for long time to come, to lay down more railroads; our business is to make more use of the railway and marketing facilities that already exist. In other words, following out the figurative description, our business is to make use of the workrooms that are already available, rather than to build on more rooms to the factory.

Again, there are spaces available inside the factory that might be utilized by government action alone. Look at your map of Southern Alberta, and cast your eye on that splendid tract of 350,000 acres of farming land near Lethbridge, practically surrounded by railroads and marked "Blood Indian reserve." It is occupied by a few Indians and a springling of range cattle.

Further, there are areas, also inside the factory, in the control of the school lands trustees. A policy for the administration of these lands, so that they may be available for soldier-farmers, might be developed. The whole question of the methods of sale, and of the collection of sale prices for the school lands might also be considered. There are great areas of these lands that have gone through the form of sale in the Lethbridge district (and in a great many other districts also) and upon which only the nominal first payment has been made by the speculators who bought them at boom-time prices. The writer knows of one large area which went through the form of being auctioned six or seven years ago; upon the total sale prices only one payment has been made, and the accrued interest at the low rate of five per cent. is now greater than the principal amounts that have been paid.

These sales might very well be cancelled if the ostensible owners do not pay up the arrears or show cause against cancellation. If this policy were adopted, such school lands might be made available for settlement at some reasonable valuation. An arrangement might also very properly be made with the school lands trustees for payment for these lands by the soldier-farmers on extended terms of payment; and the amounts made available through the soldiers' settlement board for loans could then be applied for equipment and live stock, so that the productive stage might be quickly arrived at.

A side issue already presents itself. Are we going to repeat the parable of the vineyard? Are those soldiers who return first to get first choice? And if so, what of those who bear further "the burden and heat of the day"?

Very few people seem to have realized the work that might have been done in studying these, and many other, serious problems of allied importance, by the economist and development commission that was provided for in June, 1915, and appointed in October, 1915. Not a word has been heard by the country from that august body, except that in July, 1916 its chairman said it had gone away on a holiday, and the office had been closed. Could it not be reopened? And if all of its members are too busy with other matters, could not some others be found to take up its labors?—By G. R. Maunoch, President, Lethbridge Board of Trade.

A Generous Offer

Well-Known Firm Is Giving Away Free Samples for the Asking

There are many remedies for various ills placed upon the market, some of which enjoy wide-spread reputations, built upon their proven worth; while the popularity of others is but transient. When one is ill, there is a strong disinclination to experiment, and the wise man or woman will usually make use of a remedy that has an established reputation. There is perhaps no better known or more reputable firm of manufacturing chemists than that of Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, England. Particularly patent will this statement be to those who have come to Canada from the mother country. Dr. Cassell's Tablets is not a new remedy nor experiment, but one of proven worth, and the numerous published testimonials bear ample verification to this fact.

Although this sterling remedy is well-known to the majority of the people, yet to those who have not put it to the test, the proprietors will gladly send a free sample on receipt of five cents to cover cost of mailing and packing. In writing for the free sample, address correspondence to Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10 McCaul street, Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are most highly recommended in the treatment of Dyspepsia, Kidney Trouble, Sleeplessness, Anaemia, Nervous Ailments, Nerve Paralysis, Palpitation and weakness in children. The reader who may be suffering can not do better than write at once to the above address and secure a generous sample package of this remedy entirely without cost.

The Rod in Pickle

Nine Americans out of ten will be glad if American seamen and American steel are going to have the opportunity to inflict the punishment which has long been due, and most Americans are bold enough to believe that it will be administered, and administered generously, in God's good time.—Boston Transcript.

Many a housewife's idea of a brave woman is one who isn't afraid to talk back to the cook.

Scenes in Saloniki

Brilliant Costumes of Soldiers Give Dramatic Touch to War Scenes in Greek Sector

As I was saying, the blue and white Greek standard floats from the battlements of the White Tower in Saloniki. All around you float officers of the Greek army in blue and silver full uniforms. They look slightly theatrical because all the other armies are in service clothes. The ends of their silverplated scabbards are muddy. So are their spurs. Many of them are handsome in a fashion plate way: dead white skin, dead black mustaches, long legs, thin noses dark eyes, empty foreheads.

One in particular attracts one's attention. He is wearing blue and white cock's feathers in his hat white kid gloves, and spurs on his feet. His sword is across his knees and he is explaining something with great energy to his companions.

A French airman, who has skinned his nose (possibly in a sudden descent) and who wears the military cross, sits behind a glass of vermouth. Several Russian lieutenants in their beautiful green tunics and soft leather boots, are conversing with a French major. An Italian captain is reading a book. An English captain is talking to a lady-some Serbian officers appear to be talking to themselves. Not one of them seem to have anything to do. Perhaps they think the same of me. Let us take the car back. The tall and handsome Greek officers cram into one poor little Ford runabout and rattle off up the road. Let us take the car.

A Saloniki tram car is interesting, believe me.

They nearly always haul a second class trailer behind them. We go second class. It is a very small car, and it is very full. The fare is a penny. A Greek penny is a nickel coin with a hole in the centre, so that it looks like an aluminum washer. The occupants of the car are of all ages. Boys and girls and priests are in the majority. The children are going to school as may be seen with the books in their hands. The priests are going—wherever priests go in the morning. If they are going to the barber's it would do them no harm. I admit that their flowing black gowns and extraordinary top hats are picturesque; but why should the picturesque persist in being unsanitary.—William McFee in the Atlantic Monthly.

Saving Wheat Contents

The Use of Gray Flour Advocated During War Time

According to some authorities, we are facing the greatest food crisis since the Biblical days of famine. The worlds food crop is, short—very short. Hence the production and conservation of food comprise now one of the greatest civic duties in every country. It is so especially in ours, for we are called upon to feed not only ourselves but also our Allies and the neutral nations.

The immediate duty before us is to increase production, particularly the production of wheat and flour. The United States Department of Agriculture has vigorously attacked the problem of increasing the production of wheat. As to flour, it is claimed that our country would increase the production by nearly 20,000,000 barrels a year if, instead of using 72 per cent. of wheat, as at present, in white flour, 81 per cent. were used; that is to say, if we utilized a larger amount of the wheat kernel by not removing in the milling process so much residual matter in the forms of what are known as shorts, middlings, and bran. If we did this, our white flour would become grayer.

Nor is this all. The gray flour would be more nourishing, it is contended, because carrying with it that desirable "roughage" of help to digestion. Not all persons, however, need whole-grain flour; for many better results are obtained by graduating flour in such mixtures as would be had from adding rye, rice, corn, or barley to wheat. Thus an increase of flour production may be accomplished along these lines.

It should not be forgotten, however, that because of its higher percentage of moisture, whole wheat flour does not "keep" readily.—The Outlook, New York.

Gun Trophies to Come to Canada

At the Canadian Corps Headquarters in France many souvenirs of the Vimy Ridge fighting have been brought in, and at some future date the cities of Montreal, Toronto, Fort William, Winnipeg and Vancouver, will see German guns, some of which were very badly battered, and which now bear the label of the units coming from the cities named.

Matter of Fact

He—If I stole a kiss would you scream for your parents?

She—No, not unless you wanted to kiss the whole family.

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THERAPION Hospitals with great success. Certain, Quick and Complete Cure in Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, Blood Poison, Painful or Excessive Discharges, $5.00 per case. Prospectus of Medicaments sent free on request. Sold by Druggists or sent FREE, carefully packed, by the Therapion Med. Co. Hatherstock Bros., Sole Agents, London, Eng. TELEGRAMS: THERAPION, LONDON. EASY TO TAKE
THERAPION SAFE AND LASTING CURE.
SEE THAT THESE WORDS APPEAR ON THE BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS

BOOK ON
DOG DISEASES
And How to Feed
Mailed free to any address by the Author
H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc.
118 West 31st Street, New York
America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

Two Washboards For the Price of One!
Both sides of EDDY'S Twin Beaver Washboards can be used—giving double service for the price of one. Made of INDURATED FIBREWARE, which is really pulp hardened and baked by a special process; it cannot splinter or fall apart. Won't hurt your fingers or tear your clothing. Double value for your money—almost life lasting. Don't do another washing until you get one.
ASK YOUR DEALER.
The E. B. Eddy Company Limited
HULL - - CANADA

MONEY ORDERS
Send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five Dollars costs three cents.

For Greater Food Production

C.P.R. to Encourage Settlement and Cultivation of Vacant Lands

In order to encourage the settlement and cultivation of vacant lands in the Western Provinces, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, through its Colonization and Development Department, of which Mr. S. Dennis is the head, has undertaken an active campaign to try and induce absentee owners to cultivate their holdings.

A circular has been issued to some 8000 absentee owners, pointing out the profits which can be made by cultivating their lands, and showing how many farmers sold their last year's crop for more than the original cost of their farms.

The company offers the advice and assistance of its Colonization and Development Department, free of charge, in supplying reliable information as to how to go about getting the land under cultivation and will send, on request, the fullest details as to routes of travel, customs regulations, passenger and freight rates and similar data.

In undertaking this campaign the company is following its usual broad policy of Dominion-wide development, realizing that every new settler means greater production to meet the food shortage which at present threatens the world, and which Canada, with its extensive and fertile unplowed acres, can provide.

PILES.
You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? All Druggists and Stores—50c box.
Zam-Buk

British Agriculture

For 20 per cent. Reduction in English Live Stock

The expectation is, according to The Farmer and Stock Breeder, that live stock holdings in the United Kingdom will have to be reduced by 20 per cent. owing to feed shortage. It is not anticipated that there will be any forced diminution in pure-bred meat animals and the dairy stock will stand next in line for conservation. Horses, especially those kept for pleasure purposes, will be put on short feed, and it is quite possible some of them may be used for human food.

This, however, is only part of a change which is promised in English agriculture. Three million acres of grazing lands are to be broken up this year, and more will be broken next year, the intention being to put the United Kingdom in a position to be permanently practically independent of foreign food supplies so far as grain is concerned. What the effect of a lessening of pasture and increase in grain producing area will ultimately be in the matter of the production of meat and dairy products it is difficult to say. In England the stock-carrying capacity of a given area in grass is much more nearly equal to the carrying ability of an equal area in cultivated land than is the case here, because the pasture season there is much longer than with us. Still it is probable that with an increase in the cultivated area the country will, under normal conditions be able to produce more wheat than now for human food without necessarily lessening live stock holdings. In fact, there may be an increase in the latter, and the United Kingdom may in future years be made well nigh independent of imported meat and dairy products as well as wheat.

Must Fight to Solve Problem

The United States has no desire to share the world with the Hohenzollerns, still less could we tolerate submission to them. But there is no third alternative in the long run in the great belt of military union and economic solidarity be stretched from the North Sea to the Indian Ocean. This problem, only nominally one of European politics, but really one of world concern, is forced upon us with the rest of the war and we must fight for its solution in the only way that leaves hope to mankind, no matter what time it take or what the cost.

The growing wrath of other nations, our own steady and rapid advance toward real participancy in the struggle, the apparent steadying of Russia and the firmness of her leaders in the cause all lend encouragement to the American people.—New York Evening Sun.

If one be troubled with worms and warts, he will find in Holloway's Corn Cure an application that will entirely relieve suffering.

What He Thought

"Do you like your new sister, Tommy?"

"Oh, yes," replied Tommy, "she's all right but there's a lot of things we needed more."

Simple and Sure—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is so simple in application that a child can understand the instructions. Used as a liniment the only direction is to rub, and when rubbing is all that is necessary to apply. The directions are so plain and unmistakable that they are readily understood by young or old.

Exact Truth

The "Swanky" One—I'm smoking a terrible lot of cigars lately.

The Other (with conviction)—You're right it that's one of them.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited

Dear Sirs,—This fall I got thrown on a fence and hurt my chest very bad, so I could not work and it hurt me to breathe. I tried all kinds of Liniments and they did me no good.

One bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT warmed on flannels and applied on my breast, cured me completely.

C. H. COSSABOOM.
Rossway, Digby Co., N.S.

A Useful Vehicle

The one-wheeled rickshaw of Africa, like its two-wheeled ancestor, the jinrickisha of Japan, was the invention of a missionary, the designer of the African vehicle being a Swede engaged in mission work on the Congo. An early form of the vehicle consists of a framework of bicycle tubing, supporting a cushioned chair seat over a single, low, rubber-tired wheel. The handles in front form a continuous loop and the rear handles resemble those of a wheelbarrow. Two native boys can easily transport a passenger in the rickshaw, and it is the only vehicle practicable for many of the narrow and crooked foot trails which are still the only roads in the greater part of Africa.

Saving the Surplus

Home Canning of Vegetables Is Practicable and Necessary

The shortage of labor and the scarcity and high price of tin cans has very materially reduced the output and increased the cost of canned vegetables; so much so, in fact, as to make some line almost prohibitive to the average family.

There is little reason, however, for any Canadian family not providing a sufficient supply for next winter. Home canning of vegetables is a simple matter; when put up in ordinary glass jars, securely sealed, they are equal if not superior to the factory brand, and the cost is much lower.

Peas, string beans, sweet corn, pumpkins, beets, tomatoes and all vegetables which will not keep without cooking, may be canned.

After cleaning and preparing the vegetables to be preserved they are enclosed in a cheesecloth bag and parboiled for five minutes. They are then dipped in cold water, packed in glass jars, boiling water poured over them to fill up the crevices, and the lids loosely adjusted. The jars are then placed in an ordinary boiler filled with water, with plates or dish covers to prevent the jars touching the bottom of the boiler, and are allowed to boil steadily for 3½-2 hours. When lifted from the boiler, the lids must be screwed down tight, and the jars allowed to gradually cool, care being taken that they are not exposed to drafts as a sudden cooling may crack the glass.

Vegetables thus canned will keep and be a welcome addition to the table in lieu of the high-priced canned goods, and the surplus of vegetables, which otherwise might be wasted, will be conserved.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

When the End Will Be in Sight

When the submarine menace is mastered and America is ready to put a million men into the battlefield the end will be in sight, but not before.—London Observer.

CHILD'S SEVERE STOMACH TROUBLE

Harriston (Ont.) Father says Dr. Cassell's Tablets Saved his Child's Life

Mr. Corby, Harriston, P.O., Ont., writes: "Our little girl was weak from birth, and though we tried doctors' medicine and other things she got no better. She just lay in her cot and cried, and neighbours all said we could not save her. The doctors said she had stomach trouble, and that her chances were small, yet Dr. Cassell's Tablets cured her. They have been worth their weight in gold to us, for we were just giving up hope of saving our little daughter. I don't think there is any other medicine for children like Dr. Cassell's Tablets. Publish this letter if you like, it may help others as the Tablets helped us."

A free sample of Dr. Cassell's Tablets will be sent to you on receipt of 5 cents for mailing and packing. Address: Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10, McCaul-st., Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are the surest home remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Trouble, Sleeplessness, Anæmia, Nervous Ailments, Nerve Paralysis, Palpitation, and Weakness in Children. Specially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life. Sold by druggists and storekeepers throughout Canada. Price: One tube, 50 cts; six tubes for the price of five. Beware of imitations said to contain phosphorus. The composition of Dr. Cassell's Tablets is known only to the proprietors, and no imitation can ever be the same.

Sole Proprietors: Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, England

War Buries a Misunderstanding

War Will Create a Better Feeling Between Canada and U.S.

Participation by the United States in the war will have one result in which all good Americans can rejoice without misgivings and without qualifications. It will help enormously to remove misunderstanding between the Canadian and the American nations and to lay an indispensable foundation for their future co-operation. Of all the positive needs of American foreign policy the working out of some basis of common action with Canada is the most essential. The facts of geography, the circumstances of a common experience and similarity of institutions and ideals all help to make Canada the nearest relative and the most fruitful ally of the American republic.

At the present time Canada and the United States are the only two nations participating in the war which have nothing to gain from their labors and sacrifices, except political good which will benefit all free and democratic nations no less than themselves. It should, consequently, be the deliberate policy of the American government to use every opportunity afforded by the participation of Canada and the United States in the same war to convert that common participation into the most immediate and many-sided practical co-operation.—From the New Republic.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
NUMBER 23 THE PROPRIETORS

"Is he ambidextrous?"

"No, he can't swim a stroke."

Some men believe themselves great because they blunder greatly.

Doctors and Eye Specialists Agree That Bon-Opto Strengthens Eyesight 50% In a Week's Time In Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home

Boston, Mass.—Victims of eye strain and other eye weaknesses, and those who wear glasses, will be glad to know that Doctors and Eye Specialists now agree there is real hope and help for them. Many of these eyes were called "lazy" and they have had their eyes restored and many who once wore glasses say they have thrown them away. One man says, after using it: "I was an almost blind. Could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without my glasses, and my eyes, which pained me at night they would hurt so much, are entirely free from pain dreadfully. How they have improved is the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using the prescription for fifteen days everything seemed clear. I can read even fine print without glasses." Another man says: "I used to tire my eyes (was bothered with eye strain caused by overworked, tired eyes which induced frequent headaches). I have worn glasses for several years, both for distance and work, and without them I could not read my own name on an envelope or the typewriting on the machine before me. I can do both now, and have discarded my long distance glasses altogether. I can see the leaves and flattering leaves on the trees across the street now, which for several years appeared like a dim green blur to me. I cannot express my joy at what it has done for me."

It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now get along without them a reasonable time, and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses.

Dr. Beck, an eye specialist of nearly twenty years practice, says: "A patient came to me who was suffering from Blepharitis, Marginalis with all the concomitant symptoms as morning agglutination of the lids, chronic conjunctivitis and ophthalmia. Her eyes when not congested had the dull, suffused expression common to such cases. Having run out of my Bon-Opto, a friend suggested Bon-Opto. She used this freely and her only overcame the distressing condition, but strange and amazing as it may seem, so strengthened her eyesight that she was able to dispense with her distance glasses and her headaches and neuralgia left her. In this instance I should say that Bon-Opto is an improved lens. I have since verified the efficacy of this treatment in a number of cases and find as a rule the eyesight improves from 20 to 75 per cent in a remarkably short time. I can say it is more quickly than any other remedy I have prescribed for the eyes."

Dr. Smith, an oculist of wide experience, says: "I have treated in private practice a number of serious ophthalmic diseases with Bon-Opto and am able to report ultimate recovery in both acute and chronic cases. Mr. Bacame to my office suffering with ulcerated eyes. His condition was so serious that an operation for enucleation seemed imperative. Before proceeding to the operative treatment I prescribed Bon-Opto and in 24 hours the secretion had lessened, inflammatory symptoms began to subside, and I was able to save the eyeball and retained its normal vision. Another case of extreme convergent strabismus (cross eyes) escaped the surgeon's knife by the timely use of Bon-Opto, which gradually tightened external muscles yielded to the soothing and vitalizing effects of the remedy in two years' instil Bon-Opto after removal of foreign bodies and apply it locally to the eyes, ulcers and spots on the eyeball or the lids and its tissues. Also when warm the lids of secretions and acting as a tonic for the optic nerve, irritation rendered more acute, hence the number of cases of discarded glasses."

Dr. Conner says: "My eyes were in bad condition owing to the severe strain arising from protracted microscopical research work. Bon-Opto used according to directions rendered a surprising service. I found my eyes regularly strengthened, so much so I have put aside my glasses without discomfort. Several of my colleagues have also used it and we are agreed as to its results. In a few days, under my observation, the eyes of an antigranita case were so improved that glasses have been discarded by the patient."

Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by the use of Bon-Opto and if you want to strengthen your eyes, go to any drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and let it dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start, and inflammation and sore eyes will quickly disappear. If your eyes bother you even a little it is your duty to take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved right if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Robt. A. Bray, druggist to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Yes, Bon-Opto is a remarkable eye remedy. Its constituents are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. I have sold it for years and have yet to receive one complaint. Those who have stinging eyes, those who have been troubled through over work or much study, those who have weak eyes, those who are troubled with sties, matter in the eyes, dust or wind. It is one of the very few proprietary eye lotions that can be kept on hand for years without fear of deterioration. Bon-Opto is not a patent medicine or secret remedy, but a physician's prescription being printed on the package. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances, or refund the money. It is distributed by all druggists throughout the United States and Canada, including in this city by the McDermid Drug Co., Calgary; the Vancouver and Owl Drug Co's., Vancouver, and McCullough Drug Store, Winnipeg.

Italy's Amazing Strength

Italy continues to reap surprises upon surprises. The latest is the information that Italy is not asking anything specially of the United States except that Americans understand her better; that the general economic situation is excellent, Italy having been able to pay her war interest out of taxation. So declares Signor Nitti, of the Italian commission.

All this shows the same careful, far-seeing organization in civil affairs that has begun to arouse so much admiration among military experts in connection with the operations of the army.—Buffalo Express.

Counter Check Or Sales Books

Mr. Merchant:—

If you are not already using our Counter Check or Sales Books we would respectfully solicit your next order. Years of experience in the manufacture of this line enable us to give you a book as nearly perfect as it is possible to be made in these difficult times.

All classes and grades of paper are now drawn from 100 to 400 per cent. higher than they were two years ago. Carbon papers, waxes for coated books, labor, in fact everything that goes into the cost of counter check or sales books are very high in price. Notwithstanding these facts, our modern and well equipped plant for this particular work enables us to still keep our prices reasonably low. Before placing your next order write us for samples and prices, or consult the proprietor of this paper.

We make a specialty of Carbon Pack or Coated Books, also O.K. Special Triplicate books. On these, and our regular duplicate and triplicate separate Carbon Leaf books we number among our customers the largest and best commercial houses from coast to coast. No order is too large or too small to be looked after carefully.

We have connections with the largest paper mill in Canada, ensuring an ample supply of the best grade paper used in counter check books. You are therefore assured of an extra grade of proper, prompt service and shipments.

Waxed Papers and Sanitary Wrappers

We also manufacture Waxed Bread and Meat Wrappers, plain and printed; Confectionery Wrappers, Pure Food Waxed Paper Rolls for Home Use, Fruit Wrappers, etc.

Write for samples of our G. & F. Waxed Papers used as a Meat Wrapper. They are both grease and moisture proof, and the lowest priced article on the market for this purpose.

Genuine Vegetable Parchment for Butter Wrappers

We are large importers of this particular brand of paper. Our prices on 8x11, size in 1000's, quantities and upwards, are very low, considering the present high price of this paper. We can supply any quantity printed "Choice Dairy Butter" from stock.

Our machinery and equipment for Waxing and Printing is the most modern and complete in Canada and ensures you first-class goods and prompt service.

APPLEFORD COUNTER CHECK BOOK COMPANY, LTD.
Hamilton, Canada.
Offices: Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver.

Flagless Russia

A correspondent at Petrograd remarks that Russia has now no symbol of her new estate; no national flag, no national anthem. She has torn down the eagles of autocracy and the red flag rose in its place to mark the revolution. But a revolution is not a situation in which a people can settle down to national life. The whirlwind or overthrow spreads the folds of the red banner, but it is no ensign of stability, security or progress. Its significance passed with the passing of the time of turbulance.—New York Evening Sun.

How a Zepp. Was Caught

Daring Feat of Aeronaut Crowned With Success

There is a pretty tale of bluff concerning a British naval airman who destroyed the first Zeppelin we accounted for in the war. This flier was one of a squadron of two or three machines that attacked Düsseldorf towards the end of 1914, the objective being a new type of Zeppelin just arrived from the factory.

As the daring airman approached out of the mist towards the hangar he was heavily fired on, and things began to get uncomfortable. It was necessary for him to descend to a comparatively low height if he were to be sure of hitting the Zeppelin shed, so he adopted the ruse of driving his machine downwards in such a way as to make the enemy think that it had been hit and was falling.

They were completely bluffed by the manoeuvre, and ceased fire, with the result that the airman got to within about 300 feet of the shed and destroyed both it and the Zeppelin. His departure was made a bit warm by the fire of "Archibald," but he got clear away.

CHILDHOOD CONSTIPATION

Constipation in children can be promptly cured by Baby's Own Tablets. They are a gentle but effective laxative which thoroughly regulates the bowels and sweetens the stomach and thus drive out all childhood ailments. Concerning them Mrs. J. B. Tauffenbach, Richer, Man., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and have found them an excellent medicine for constipation." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Prince Died Like a Sport

The Kaiser's Nephew Told His Captors of Happy Days in England

Glimpses of the last days of Prince Karl Friedrich nephew of the kaiser, who was wounded when flying and taken prisoner by the Australians, are given in the account sent to England by the Rev. M. Caldwell, a Baptist minister, who is official chaplain to the German prisoners in the general hospital in France. It appears in the British Weekly.

"The Australians, whose prisoner I became," the prince told Mr. Caldwell, "treated me with the greatest kindness. They are sportsmen and great men. I have a wonderful admiration for them. If I am anything, I am a sport. I have played tennis with Wilding and other first-class players. I shall never forget the jolly time I had in England when I played them all. The kindness which has surrounded me since I became a prisoner has brought back the memories of those days. The Australians were good to me; the officers and soldiers who attended me coming down the line, were very considerate, and the whole atmosphere of this hospital is kindness. I am grateful to you and all who wish me well. I lie here a helpless prisoner, but I have no regrets. I did my best for my country, and I am not sorry I am finished with the war. I want to live. I am young and when the war is over I shall go back and help to build up my nation again."

"He shook hands with me each time I came and went," says Mr. Caldwell. An hour or so before he died I prayed with him. He was very weak and ill. When I finished he opened his eyes, and with a smile said: "Thank you, thank you very much." He soon fell into unconsciousness, from which he never recovered."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Workmen at Kiel having demanded an immediate increase in food allowances and salary, the directors told them they shared the same hardships and ate the same rations. A deputation of workmen then asked permission to investigate the contents of the directors' larders, but the directors refused, saying they possessed no larders or stores.

What Will Decide the War?

William Deaman, chairman of the Shipping Board of the United States, is not an optimist in his outlook of the war.

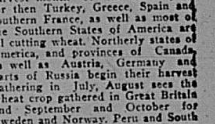
He says: "One of three things must happen to save the situation—Germany must be defeated by the land forces of the Allies, or she must be blown up from inside by means of a revolution, or some way of defeating the submarines must be devised. In the meantime we must build all the ships we can, as fast as we can, and always with the thought, as each vessel departs for the other side, that its cargo for our Allies may be the one thing needful for the winning of the war."

Relief from Asthma. Who can describe the complete relief from suffering which follows the use of Dr. J.D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy? Who can express the feeling of joy that comes when its soft and gentle influence relieves the tightened, choking air tubes! It has made asthmatic affliction a thing of the past for thousands. It never fails. Good druggists everywhere have sold it for years.

Harvest Every Month

Every Month of the Year is Harvest Time in Some Part of the World

All through the year wheat is being harvested. In January it is cut in the great fields of the Argentine and in New Zealand. In February and March it is cut in the East Indies and Egypt. The wheat fields are harvested in April in Cyprus, Asia Minor and Cuba, and in May in China and Japan. June is the busiest harvest month of the whole year, for then Turkey, Greece, Spain and southern France, as well as most of the Southern States of America are all cutting wheat. Northerly states of America, and provinces of Canada, as well as Austria, Germany and parts of Russia begin their harvest gathering in July, August sees the wheat crop gathered in Great Britain and September and October for Sweden and Norway. Peru and South Africa are busy harvesting in November and December.



These Bad Results
follow a lazy liver—Constipation; Disordered Stomach; Headache; Biliousness, and other evil, painful, dangerous things.

This Good Old Remedy
comes to the rescue.

Take two or three pills at bedtime—once. After that, one each night; two, now and then, if necessary.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Genuine beard signature: Brentwood

Colorless faces often show the absence of Iron in the blood.
Carter's Iron Pills will help this condition.

"The Elkhorn Mercury"
EVERY THURSDAY MORNING

Published every Thursday afternoon from the Office, Richill Ave., Elkhorn, Manitoba.

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SUBSCRIPTION
1.50 per year in advance. $2.00 to the United States.

THURSDAY, JULY 12, 1917.

Public School Promotions

Class A to Grade 1, junior—

Willie Ames, Bernhard Fielding Kathleen Jones, Charles Webster, Ernest Hunt, Kenneth Lidster, George Bickerton, Ralph Stanley, Clarice Leslie, Florence Shepherd, Annie Grainger, Ernest Heritage, Winnie Campbell, Pete Zazulak, Donald Carscadden, Edith Crosby, Bessie Bryant Bobbie Doole.

Grade 1 to Grade 1, jr.

Name	Per centage
George Hartley	86
Thelma Olive	80
Ernest Prosser	73
Arthur Bryant	55
Bobbie Chalmers	51
Harold Boyce	46
Cecil Prosser	43

(the last three are on trial)

Grade 1 to 2—

Phyllis Scotney	95
Joyce Goodwin	93
Trey Stanley	93
Willie Miller	93
Betty Sutton	92
Beatrice Ablett	91
Humina Goldie	88
Edgar Balmer	83
Fanny Campbell	81

Grade 2 to 3—

Annie Harry	92
Viola Macdonald	88
Ida Duke	85
Eddie Shepherd	84
Earl Lund	81
Viola Heritage	79
Elsie Swan	79
James Pierce	70
Thomas Lacey	69
Fred Hartley (Spelling)	65

N.B.—Jean MacKay was absent for the examinations but is highly recommended for Grade 3.

Margaret Strang, Teacher.

Grade 3 to 4—

Freddie Olive	80
Basil Davison	80
John Thompson	79
Jessie Goldie	78
Nellie Lacey	75
Hazel Baldwin	73
Hilda Bennett	73
St. Clair Wilson	71
Norrie Scotney	69
Elmer Swan	69
Doris Stonham	68
Gordon Jones	67
Willie VanBrunt	65
Edith Chalmers	63
Thelma Chapple	56

Recommended (away during examinations) Sylvia Sutton, Eileen Kennedy, Ralph Caldwell.

Grade 4 to 5—

Marguerite Ablett	84
Edith Ablett	78
Harold Mooney	76
Myrtle Bennett	76
Annie Hunter	75
Shirley Heritage	73
Bessie Goodwin	72
Florence Rodgers	71
Margaret Brinkman	70
Golding Dixon	69
Reggie Kersey	65
Nellie Schofield	65
Edward Olive	58

Recommended (adsent during examinations) Bobbie Balmer.

A. Tupper, Teacher.

Grade 5 to 6—

Madelene McFadzean	88
Henry Grainger	86
Gertrude Lambert	77
Jack Kennedy	76
Marion Lambert	67
Janet Duxbury	66
Marjorie Scotney	63
George Harry	62
Elsie Leslie	59
John Lacey (on trial)	54

Grade 6 to 7—

Annie Schanhofer	68
Muriel Davison	68
Libbie Balmer	64
Elmer Kersey (on trial)	54

Grade 7 to 8—

Dorothy Johnson	83
Roy Miller	67
Nora Harry	65
Irene Crosby	63
Emma Crossman	60
Seward Lund	57
Walter Scotney	55

M. Watson, Teacher.

VIRDEN SUMMER FAIR

THURSDAY and FRIDAY, JULY 26—27, 1917

$6000.00 in Prizes and Attractions

BASEBALL TOURNAMENT STOCK PARADE
BEST DECORATED AUTO $50.00 IN PRIZES
AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE EXHIBIT
SEND FOR PRIZE LIST

J. A. BLAKEMAN, President. CHARLES D. DAYTON, Sec.-Mgr.

Small Profit and Profit Often

—That's our motto. You know where to come now [next door to Vodden's Harness Shop] and all regular customers can obtain the FAMOUS CRESCENT PLOW SHARES at 10 per cent. below current prices. This means that those who get repairs, horse-shoeing, share sharpening and all general blacksmithing executed by us, can also get their NEW SHARES CHEAPER HERE THAN ELSEWHERE.

J. L. McFadden & Son, - Elkhorn, Man.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SINGLE FARE

FOR ROUND TRIP TO

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

BRANDON

On Sale July 14th to 19th, and July 20th for trains arriving Brandon before 2 p.m.
Return Limit July 23rd 1917.

SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE

Leaves Elkhorn at 9.08 a.m. Wed. July 18th and at 9.41 a.m. Thur. July 19
Arrives Brandon at 11.05 a.m. July 18th and at 11.30 a.m. July 19th.
On return leaves Brandon July 18th at 11.30 p.m. and July 19th at 10.30 p.m.

TRAVEL VIA

Canadian Pacific Railway

"THE WORLD'S GREATEST HIGHWAY"

J. A. McDONALD, District Passenger Agent, BRANDON, MANITOBA

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

BRANDON, MANITOBA

July 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 1917

The Exhibition that improves every year. It will be BIGGER AND BETTER than ever.
The best in Live Stock, Poultry, Farm Implements and Machinery Dairy Products, Fine Arts, Educational Exhibits and Ladies' Work are seen at the Big Fair.

IMMENSE EXHIBITS

Art Loan Exhibit from the National Art Gallery Ottawa.
Provincial Government of Manitoba and the Agricultural College.
Canadian Pacific Railway National Resources and Publicity Departments.
Dominion Government Live Stock Branch, Ottawa.
Dominion Exprmt'l Farms Exhibit
Farm Tractor Plowing Demonstrations (not a competition) Tractors doing actual work on the demonstration field adjoining Grounds
Provincial Board of Health—Child Welfare Exhibit. This Department is worth coming hundreds of miles to see.

Attractions and Amusements—The best Platform Attractions that money can buy. Every Act new, clever and amusing.

Horse Races Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Mule Derby Races, each afternoon and evening.

Friday 20th—Automobile Day—Auto Races—Seven Races, Eight Cars, driven by the most daring and expert Drivers on the Continent.

Single Fare Railway Rate from all points in Manitoba and Saskatchewan. For special one day excursions, see Railway Posters.

A Fair for Education and Pleasure. The Farmers' Annual Holiday

Entries Close July 7th **Write for Prize List** **Don't Miss It**

P. PAYNE, President. **W. I. SMALE**, Secretary

Virden Chautauqua

JULY 24th to 30th, AT VIRDEN, MANITOBA

Six big days of instructive and pleasing entertainment

THIS is a community welfare week, worth while in every respect with its clean entertainment, inspiring music and instructive lectures. It will be the greatest week of the year. The Waikiki Hawaiian Quintette, the Chautauqua, Orchestra, the Comus Players, Treble Cleff Club, Marion Ballou Fisk, Dr. A. D. Carpenter and a dozen other exceptional attractions.

Season tickets may be obtained for the whole twelve performances at a cost very slightly in excess of the cost of three single admission tickets up to the first day of the Chautauqua at $2.50 each and $3.00 after the opening day.

Plan to visit this great event. Procure Season Tickets

The Chautauqua Committee will be pleased to answer inquiries

S. S. CARSCADDEN, President. JOHN DAVIES, Secretary. W. T. WHITE, Treasurer.

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE
J. A. McLachlan, Chairman; H. D. Crowe, W. A. Bridgett, A. E. Lowden and I. O. Fryer, M.D.

Mortgage Sale

OF VALUABLE

Town or Village Property

KNOWN AS "THE ROSEBERY HOTEL LIVERY BARN"

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained or implied in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, by J. Harvey Miller, Auctioneer, at the Manitoba Hotel, in the Village of Elkhorn, in the Province of Manitoba, on Saturday the 14th day of July, A.D. 1917, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, the following valuable property, namely:

Being in the Village of Elkhorn, in the Province of Manitoba and being composed of Lot Seven (7) in Block Thirty-two (32) as shown on a plan of sub-division of part of the South-west quarter of Section Three (3) in Township Twelve (12) and Range Twenty-eight (28) West of the Principal Meridian in said Province, made by L. A Hamilton, D.L.S. and of record in the Virden Land Titles Office as Plan No. 2168.

The Vendors are informed that the said property is known as "The Rosebery Hotel Livery Barn" and that the same consists of a frame stable built on cement foundations, 28 by 80 feet with high loft having the same ground-floor measurements. The stable contains 12 double stalls, 10 single stalls and 2 loose boxes. The property has a frontage of about 50 feet on Grange Street with a depth of about 125 feet on a lane.

The property will be offered subject to a reserve bid.

The land is under the Real Property Act and a Torrens Title can be given to the Purchaser.

TERMS OF SALE—Twenty (20) per cent of the purchase to be paid in cash at the time of sale and the balance in accordance with the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of the sale.

For further particulars apply to:
R. N. SCOTNEY.
Vendors' Solicitor,
Elkhorn, Manitoba.

DATED at Elkhorn, Manitoba, this 15th day of June, A.D. 1917.

NOTICE

Take Notice that a special meeting of the Elkhorn Agricultural Society will be held at the Agricultural Hall, on the fair grounds, Elkhorn, on Monday July 23rd at 3 p.m., for the purpose of authorizing the Directors of the aforementioned Society, to sell a portion of the Society's ground, for the purpose of a gravel pit, to the Municipalities of Elkhorn and Wallace.

This notice is given as required by section 9 of the Act respecting Agricultural Societies.

J. ORR, President.
W. DAVEY, Acting Secretary

FARM LANDS

Oregon & California Railroad Co. Grant Lands. Title to same revested in United States by Act of Congress dated June 9, 1916. Two million three hundred thousand acres to be opened for settlement and sale. Power site, Timber and Agricultural Lands. Containing some of the best land left in the United States. Now is the opportune time. Large Sectional Map showing lands and description of soil, climate, rainfall, elevations, etc. Postpaid One Dollar. Grant Lands Locating Co., Box 610, Portland, Oregon.

PILES Get immediate relief from Dr. Sheep's Magic Ointment.

CHARLES E. BELL

Grain Grinding Wood Sawing Feed Store

Local Agent for Drysdale & Co., of Brandon, (C. H. Pierson Succrs.), Monumental Marble Manufacturers.

An excellent catalogue of designs at attractive prices will be submitted at any time.

Phone 17. South of track, Elkhorn.

BUY

Binders
Mowers and Rakes
Cream Separators
Oils and Greases
from

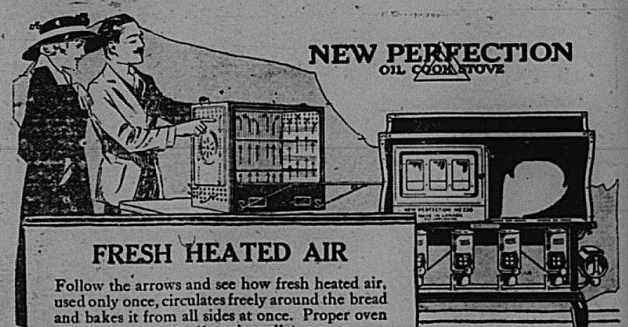
D. T. Carradice - Phone 46

Remember That Soldier Boy

He likes to get the local news from home

If you have a relative in training anywhere in Canada and are a Subscriber to The Elkhorn Mercury, you can keep that "Boy in Khaki" in close touch with the news of this district. Here's what to do —Leave the names and addresses at the office of this publication and every week we will send—

The Mercury Free of Charge



NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK STOVE

FRESH HEATED AIR

Follow the arrows and see how fresh heated air, used only once, circulates freely around the bread and bakes it from all sides at once. Proper oven ventilation prevents "sogginess."

This scientific oven should place the NEW PERFECTION OIL COOK STOVE in your kitchen. The New Perfection takes up little room and doesn't overheat the kitchen. The Long Blue Chimney makes the flame "stay put" with no smoke.

With Royalite Coal Oil the New Perfection will cook your meal for from 5 to 10 cents.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY
Limited
BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

These dealers sell them:

ELKHORN TRADING CO., LTD., Elkhorn, Man.
STEWART & MILLER, McAuley, Man.
C. H. HOLMES, - McAuley, Man.
FEADER'S MERCANTILE Agency Manson, Man.

SOME SEASONABLE SUGGESTIONS

Water-glass (for preserving eggs)
Chloride of Lime
Tanglefoot
Fly Coils
Talcum Powder
Sun-burn Cream
Foot Bath Tablets
Foot Rest Powders
Lime Fruit Juice
Raspberry Vinegar
Orange Crystals (for making orangeade)

These articles are all "Drug Store" quality and the price is no more than what you pay for the ordinary quality.

J. MOONEY Druggist, Stationer and Optometrist, ELKHORN, Manitoba

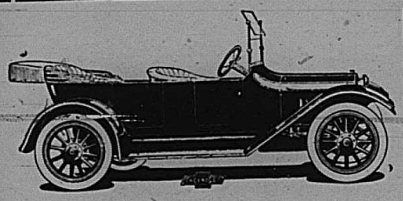
Use Fish

Once in a while to help keep down the "high cost of living." Besides the change of diet is very beneficial

The choicest varieties on hand, also Fresh Beef, Mutton, Pork, Poultry

Shipments of Livestock about every two weeks—Dates will be announced in the local column.

GEORGE LIDSTER
Butcher and Livestock Dealer. Phone 3, Elkhorn



Phenomenal Success

The facilities for mammoth production at the extensive "Chevrolet" plants at Oshawa enable us to sell the "Chevrolet" Four-Ninety at such a remarkably low price. The quality of Chevrolet appeals to people of wealth, while the price permits ownership by those of moderate means.

All Motor Accessories on hand, including Tires, Tubes, Oils, Greases, etc. —Call in and get interested in our up-to-date garage.

ALWAYS AT YOUR SERVICE

B. T. AXELSON Agent for: Chevrolet, Saxon, Dodge and Studebaker Cars **ELKHORN, MAN.**

Elkhorn Agricultural Society's Big Summer Fair

And 23rd Annual Exhibition

Monday and Tuesday, JULY 23rd–24th

SEE PRIZE LIST **$2000.00** FOR STOCK, ETC.

SPLENDID PROGRAM OF SPORTS AND OTHER ATTRACTIONS

BASEBALL TOURNAMENT—Prizes: 1st **$40.00**, 2nd, **$25.00**, 3rd, **$15.00** All other teams will receive **$10.00**. The Final will be played at 7 p.m. and 25c. admission will be charged for this.

FOOTBALL—Manson vs. Willen. Prizes: 1st, **$15.00**, 2nd, **$10.00**

AUTOMOBILE—Starting from the Manitoba Hotel at 1.30 p.m. Prizes for the best decorated cars: 1st **$8.00**, 2nd **$6.00**, 3rd **$5.00**, 4th **$4.00**, 5th **$2.00**.

TEAM WALKING MATCH (half mile)—1st **$7.00**, 2nd **$5.00**, 3rd **$3.00**

ELKHORN BAND WILL FURNISH MUSIC

ADMISSION—from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. July 24th: Gents. **50c.**, Ladies **25c.** Children **10c**

J. ORR, President **H. J. JONES, Sec.-Mgr.**

Local Notes

Get ready for the Fair!

Thursday, July 19th, has been proclaimed a Civic holiday.

Creamery Butter 35c. at the Bakery.

Miss B. Guest is spending her vacation at Winnipeg.

Mr. H. H. Goulter was an Elkhorn visitor on Saturday.

Miss Melita Wilson is visiting friends in Winnipeg.

Misses B. and O. Clifford are Welwyn visitors this week.

Brandon's big Fair opens on Monday next.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Clifford were Moosomin visitors, Monday.

Cromer Sports will be held at Cromer, Thursday, July, 12th. Baseball prizes, $100.

Something new in entertainment —See Virden's Chautauqua announcement on opposite page.

Mesdames J. Campbell and H. Lund are Winnipeg visitors this week.

The boys of the Industrial School very much appreciate Mr. Mooney's donation of baseball equipment.

Miss Dorothy McCarriston left on Monday to join the nursing staff of the Virden Hospital.

Nurse Christie, of Brandon has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Watson for the past week.

Work has started this week at the Wallace Municipal Cement Pipe Plant.

Mr. R. N. Scotney was professionally engaged at Minjota yesterday.

The Lake of the Woods Elevator has changed its color this week under the hands of a paint gang.

The regular meeting of St. Mark's Parish Guild will be held on Tuesday, July 17th, at 8 p.m. in the church room.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Leighton, of Halbrite, Sask., parents of Mrs. Ledingham, are guests at the Manse, this week.

We have received a letter from Pte. I. Swindlehurst, written in the hospital, Ike having been slightly wounded at the time of the German air raid last month.

Miss L. Freeman, of Winnipeg, is spending her vacation with her parents.

Mrs. Washburne and son, of Medicine Hat, Sask., are the guests of Mrs. R. H. Brotherhood.

Miss Eunice Fulcher, of Lenore, was the guest of Miss Carscadden this week.

Burnbank Annual Picnic at the Ewing Farm, tomorrow, Friday. Everybody welcome.

Dr. and Mrs. Manchester motored to Winnipeg on Tuesday where they will spend a short vacation.

The regular meeting of the W. M.S. will be held in the Presbyterian church on Thursday, July 19th at 3 p.m.

Mrs. D. S. Reid and family are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Goldie.

The Misses Lorna and Florence Crosby and Miss F. Staniland spent Saturday at Virden.

Mrs. M. Rae, who has been visiting in the States for the past two months, returned last Saturday.

Mrs. B. Brown and infant son, of Rivers, Man., are the guests of Mrs. G. Young.

A special meeting of the Home Economic Society will be held on Saturday July 14th, at 8 p.m. in their rooms above the drug store. All members are urged to attend.

Be sure you get your entries in on time—9 a.m. Monday, July 23rd is positively the time limit—Ask the secretary for a Prize List if you have not yet received one.

The Rev. and Mrs. Bell returned on Saturday last and are at present the guests of Mr. A.E. Wilson whilst the Vicarage is being prepared for their occupation.

Mr. and Mrs. Higgs and son, of Melville, Sask., motored down to visit relatives at this point this week. They were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Boyce yesterday

In time of war our communities can show no better spirit of determination and faith than by making the Annual Fair a record one, and their slogan "More and Better Production."

Elkhorn's big day will be staged on Tuesday, July 24th. The program shown at the bottom of this page should attract a big crowd—Make this a holiday for the whole family.

Under the auspices of the I.O. D.E. the young ladies of the town will, on Saturday, July 14th, France's National Day, tag everyone in aid of the French Red Cross. Will all have their change ready as this is a most urgent appeal.

Miss Hazel Smithson, who has just completed a business course at the Success Business College, Regina, has been spending a few days with friends and relatives before going to North Battleford, Sask., where she has accepted a position.

The Ladies' Aid of Two Creeks are holding a picnic this afternoon July 12, on Mr. Falkner's farm (Struther's picnic grounds). Supper: Gentlemen 25c: Ladies are asked to bring baskets. Proceeds will go to the Red Cross Fund.

The Cemetery Committee have arranged to have an "Improvement Afternoon" at the old cemetery on Thursday July 19th. The ladies have kindly consented to serve refreshments and all those interested in the work are asked to give their assistance on that afternoon. Bring a rake, hoe or any other tool that will be useful.

The Provincial Exhibition Brandon, recognize that the Fair affords an opportunity to bring buyers and sellers together. This year they have an Auction Sale of Horses. Entries are limited to Exhibitors and Exhibition Horses. A large number of horses will be offered, affording an excellent opportunity to secure Pure Bred Young Stock or high classed Grades.

Wheat in the Burnbank district is heading out splendidly. Several fields showed this stage of advancement as early as the 5th inst. which proves that this celebrated wheat district is living up to its reputation. Most of the crop is heavy on the ground, of good average length in the straw with very promising heads, and is of the Marquis variety.

Mr. J. VanBrunt and party of picnicers had a narrow escape last Thursday. The auto in which they were riding was just touched by the rear end of a frieght during breaking operations on the main crossing. Such close decisions appear unnecessary to the average ratepayer. Is it not possible to act AT ONCE by compelling the installation of a much needed danger signal on this point of the Main Highway.

Order Now---

and avoid the possibility of a Twine Shortage and increased price

WE HAVE A QUANTITY OF

PLYMOUTH TWINE

secured and by giving us your order AT ONCE we can protect you against a raise in price

The manufacturers sell only for CASH and we have to do the same. We can deliver you

500 ft. for 17½c. per pound
550 ft. for 18c. per pound
600 ft. for 19c. per pound

"Plymouth" the best twine on the market

R. A. KNIGHT
Hargrave Phone 53 Elkhorn
W. T. CLARKE, Manager

Exclusive Agent for Galt Coal

NOTICE

Beginning May 1st, the price of bread will be as follows—

12	Loaves	$1.00
6	"	50c
4	"	35c
3	Loaves or less	per loaf 10c

CREAMERY BUTTER 35c PER POUND

Apples, Oranges, Bananas, Strawberries
Ice Cream and Cold Drinks. Lunches to Order.

CHAS. G. WEBSTER
The Bakery, ELKHORN, MAN.

..PROSPERITY..

I can help you to locate the best of land. Come in and look over the list of improved and unimproved farms —NOW

The watchword wherever farming is concerned. The fellow who can afford to buy a farm may soon become prosperous.

Money to Loan on Farm and Town Property. Hail, Fire & Life Insurance

R. de W. Waller
Commissioner in B.R. Elkhorn.

The Home Water Supply

Abundance of Water Elevates the General Tone of the Material Side of Living

Water in the house, to use lavishly for all wholesome conveniences, seems at first thought beyond the means of frugal people, who have earned by hard labor all they have to spend. To many, who have not closely considered the costs and the benefits, it appears an extravagance. Instead of that it is one of the greatest of house economies. Almost every farmer could afford the luxury of all water conveniences in his home. Like their fellows, sunshine, wholesome food and fresh air, they do not weaken the muscular, mental or moral fibres of life. When one has been compelled to use any of these debased for a time how satisfying is the pleasure of purity and abundance.

As an investment for the home I know of nothing likely to yield so much in return in saving woman's strength in increasing house comforts, in preserving health, in imparting satisfaction in housework and in elevating the general tone of the material side of living.—Dr. J. W. Robertson, in "Home Waterworks."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Big List of Attractions

Amusement Features at Moose Jaw Ranchers' Fair Will Be of Exceptional Merit

The amusement features to be provided for visitors to the Ranchers' Fair and Livestock Show, to be held at Moose Jaw, July 17th to 20th, including the largest Midway ever seen in Western Canada, a number of marvellous platform vaudeville and acrobatic attractions, and the performances of a wonderfully intrepid young woman balloonist from Lille, France, promise to excel anything of the kind ever attempted in the Prairie Provinces.

On the Midway the visitor will find, among a large number of other things, a model submarine ship, in which a perfect copy of the present death dealing sea weapon is submerged and operated before the visitors' eyes; an enormous Ferris Wheel; a rare exhibition of different specimens of the animal kingdom; a merry-go-round; a good old fashioned darky Minstrel Show; a Fat Girl, the fattest who ever lived; and a large village of the tribe of Philippino Igorottes, the peculiar little people from Uncle Sam's islands, who live on the flesh of dogs, and have such peculiar religious customs. In addition to these, other attractions without number will be there to lure and entertain the visitor, and anyone who would enjoy four days of such amusement together with a great Stampede, horse races and an agricultural and livestock show, should not fail to come to Moose Jaw the third week of July.

In addition, if death does not cut short her young life, Mlle. Lucielle Belmont, of Lille, France, will be seen each day in a death defying, heart throbbing balloon ascension, and wind plunging drop to earth, which is only checked by the use of three parachutes. Mlle. Belmont is today recognized as the world's foremost lady aviator, and her performances here in themselves will be well worth the trip.

The Danger Zone for Many Is Tea and Coffee Drinking

Some people find it wise to quit tea and coffee when their nerves begin to "act up."

The easy way nowadays is to switch to

Instant Postum

Nothing in pleasure is missed by the change, and greater comfort follows as the nerves rebuild.

Postum is economical to both health and purse.

"There's a Reason"

The Useful Cocoanut

There Appears to Be no End of Uses to Which the Cocoanut Can Be Put

In the West Indies, Central and South America, the cocoanut is used chiefly for local consumption. The water from the green cocoanut being a beverage decidedly cool and refreshing, with medicinal values. The leaves from the centre of the top of the tree make an excellent salad and are to be found in all Latin-American markets in the zones in which they grow. The hewn tree serves the native for a habitation and a roof is made from the gigantic fronds. From the smaller leaves excellent hats of a high grade are fashioned, but few of which reach this country. From some localities ripened nuts are exported in bulk in the holds of ships, often as ballast, to this country, where a few concerns are engaged in grating cocoanut meat for the use of confectioners and bakers.

In the West Indies today a new use has been discovered for this article. Owing to the inability of these islands to obtain butter from either Denmark or the United States, local housewives are now making their own butter from cocoanuts, four nuts yielding a pound of high grade butter, at a cost of less than ten cents, as against sixty-five cents per pound for the imported article.—Leslie's.

LINGERING WEAKNESS FOLLOWING DISEASE

Banished by the Wonderful Tonic Powers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

How often victims of disease such as la grippe, fevers, or contagious troubles are left weak, ailing and despondent after the disease itself has disappeared. They do not pick up strength as they ought; remain listless, tired and discouraged. The reason for this is that the blood has been impoverished by the ravage of the disease through which the victim has passed. Strength will not return until the blood has been enriched. The blood can be purified and enriched by no other medicine as quickly and as surely as by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—to enrich the blood and strengthen the nerves is the whole mission of these pills. Thousands have found them beneficial in bringing strength and energy after disease has left them weak and run down. Miss Hannah Hamilton Everett, Ont., says: "After an attack of la grippe I was so run down and anaemic that I could scarcely walk. I had no color, no appetite, and constant headaches. The medicine I was taking was doing me no good and I had almost lost hope of getting better. I was asked to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and it was not long until I could tell that they were helping me, and after taking them for a couple of months I was completely cured. I now never fail to recommend these pills to anyone needing a blood builder."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail postpaid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

80,000 Pounds For Red Cross

Collections in Australia for the British Red Cross for the past month amounted to 80,000 pounds ($400,000).

At a great and enthusiastic demonstration at the town hall, Melbourne, Premier Hughes made a speech, in the course of which he said that the great heart of Australia beat in unison with the rest of the Empire. They were now able to say with absolute assurance that Australia would "be there."

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

Dairying in Manitoba

Manitoba Shows Startling Growth of The Dairy Industry

The year 1916 has been a banner one for the dairy industry of Manitoba. Unprecedently high prices have prevailed, throughout the year for all dairy products, thus making it one of the most profitable years, financially to all connected with the dairy industry. Everywhere pastures of 1916 were satisfactory.

As a comparison note the difference in production in the years 1900 and 1916 in butter.

1900: 3,338,431 lbs.; value $541,661.04. 1916: 10,097,799 lbs.; value $3,184,024.74.

The province has exported 81 carloads of butter during the last twelve months or nearly 2,000,000 lbs. Most of this has gone east but a good deal of it has gone west.

The cheese industry has also taken a remarkable advance since the war began. There was a time when over a million pounds of cheese were made in this province but the production slumped to as low as a little over 400,000 pounds in 1913. In 1916 the production soared again to nearly 900,000 pounds.

In 1900 the cheese production was 1,021,258 lbs., valued at $103,330.05. In 1916 the production was only 880,728 lbs. but the value was $158,531.04 and this was an increase of 154,003 lbs. over the year 1915.

The total value of dairy products in the province of Manitoba, which includes butter, cheese, milk and cream, was as follows:

1915: $3,845,183.82; 1916: $4,483,614.85, showing an increase of $628,257.63 due to increased production and higher prices.

Over 2,800,00 pounds of butter was manufactured in Winnipeg in 1916.

Crescent Creamery made 900,000 lbs.; T. Eaton Co. made 500,000 lbs.; City Creamery made 300,000; Holland Company made 200,000; Manitoba Creamery made 200,000 lbs.; Dominion Creamery made 200,000 lbs.

WIRE CUTS

on Horses, Cattle, &c., quickly cured by

EGYPTIAN LINIMENT

For Sale by All Dealers

Douglas & Co., Prop'rs. Napanee, Ont.

(Free Sample on Request)

Get Ready the Machinery

Time May Be Saved at Harvest By Being Prepared

Time is money on the farm at harvest time. Now is the time to repair the mowers, binders and rakes which will very shortly be required for service. All machines should be inspected now and, if any parts are broken or missing, they should be obtained immediately. It is much better to secure what is needed now than to risk having to make a special trip to town during the busy season, thus causing a serious delay, and, possibly extending the harvesting of the hay or grain crop into wet weather. It is also an excellent plan to keep on hand a few extra pieces or parts which need frequent renewing, such as knife sections, canvas slats, reel slats and braces, rivets, etc. These are convenient to have and will often save time and annoyance.

Clean out the oil cups and oil all running parts of the machinery a few days before it is to be used. This will allow the oil to penetrate to the bearings and permit the machine to quickly get into smooth running order.

The knives should all be sharpened and in readiness. These things should be practically attended to this year. Help is scarce, production is needed, and if crops are to be saved with as little loss as possible good management must prevail. It is good business to be ready for the harvest season. Do it now.—P.C.N.

Clean Stomach, Clear Mind.—The stomach is the workshop of the vital functions and when it gets out of order the whole system clogs in sympathy. The spirits flag, the mind droops and work becomes impossible. The first care should be to restore healthful action of the stomach and the best preparation for that purpose is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. General use for years has won them a leading place in medicine. A trial will attest their value.

The Kindly Germans Are No More

Apologies for the German people, those who are fond of explaining that the people of Germany are the dupes and victims of their rulers and ought not to share the responsibility of the crimes and horrors of which the latter are guilty, will probably not so well qualified to speak with authority on that subject as is James W. Gerard, late U.S. ambassador at Berlin. Mr. Gerard, who lived for several years among the Germans, knows them pretty well; and this is what he reports about them: "The Germany of today is not the kindly Germany that your fathers knew. Old Germany has for many years been buried under a supersoil of Prussian helmets."—Hamilton Herald.

Miller's Worm Powders were devised to promptly relieve children who suffer from the ravages of worms. It is a simple preparation without shock or injury to the most sensitive system. They act thoroughly and painlessly, and though in some cases they may cause vomiting, that is an indication of their powerful action and not of any nauseating property.

A Slice of Bread

I am a slice of bread.
I measure three inches by two and a half, and my thickness is half an inch.

My weight is exactly an ounce.

I am wasted once a day by millions of people of the United States.

I am "the bit left over," the slice eaten absent-mindedly when really I wasn't needed; I am the waste crust.

If you collected me and my companions for a whole week you would find that we amounted to thousands of tons of good bread—wasted.

When you throw me away or waste me you are adding just so many submarines to the German navy.

Stop it!

Stop fighting for the enemy by wasting me!—Cleveland Press.

$100 Reward. $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the System, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

A Soap That Blues Clothes

An Englishman has patented a new laundry soap which he claims will blue clothes by lathering them for washing. It contains tallow, caustic soda, sodium thio-sulphate, and a suitable dye pigment. The question arises as to whether or not articles requiring more soaping than others will receive more than the desired amount of blueing, and whether the subsequent rinsing will remove the coloring obtained in the rubbing process.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye free write Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Preserving Eggs

Valuable Advice Furnished by a Government Expert

Eggs can be preserved in dry salt, lime water or water glass. In order to secure satisfactory results eggs must be clean, but not washed, and absolutely fresh when put down. In preserving the object to be aimed at is to exclude air, so as to prevent evaporation of the egg from outside sources. Where eggs are put down in salt they should be set on end and packing should be so done that all parts of each egg will be covered with salt.

In preserving with water glass ten per cent. of the water glass should be mixed with pure water and thoroughly stirred. Ten quarts of the mixture will cover fifteen to twenty dozen eggs. Any good, clean vessel can be used, but it is better to use one of wood, glass, or crockery than one of metal. A sweet, clean barrel is good, where fifty dozen or more are to be preserved. A clean, cool, sweet cellar is the best place to put the containing vessel. All eggs must be completely covered by the water glass as long as they are in storage. If some of the liquid evaporates add more water. A good lid or cover on the containing vessel will prevent evaporation.

When water glass eggs are to be boiled stick a needle through the shell at the large end of the egg to prevent the shell from breaking.

Mr. Frank T. Shutt of Ottawa Experimental Farm says lime water is quite as effective as water glass and not so costly. One pound of freshburned quicklime is enough for five gallons of water. The method of preparation is simply to slack the lime with a small quantity of water, then stir the milk of lime so formed into the five gallons of water. After the mixture has been kept well stirred for a few hours it is allowed to settle. The supernatant liquid, which is now saturated lime water, is drawn off and poured over the eggs previously placed in a crock or watertight barrel.

As exposure to the air tends to precipitate the lime (as carbonate), and thus weaken the solution, the vessel containing the eggs should be kept covered. The air may be excluded by a covering of sweet oil or lard, sacking upon which a paste of lime is spread.

YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

Cincinnati man tells how to dry up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, then a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted off, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house. It is fine stuff and acts like a charm every time.

A "Lightning Calculator"

A Korean lad, sixteen years old, has had a watch presented to him by the Governor-General of Korea, in appreciation of his high mathematical talents. Among other accomplishments he can mentally add a column of twenty-five items of four figures each in seven seconds! This is much less than half the time required by the most expert accountants in Japan. The boy's father died two years ago, and he is now supporting his mother, brother, and a sister on 70 sen—37 1-2 cents a day—an unprecendented high wage for a Korean accountant.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheia

Gypsies Fled to Spain

And Now the Country is Filled With Music of the Wandering Bands

Spain is filled with music. At nearly any hour of night or day one can hear the twanging and twinging of musical instruments. The country is overrun by orchestras of Hungarian gypsies.

These bands are among the most famous in Europe. They usually are located in Paris, Monte Carlo, Nice and other centres of gay life. When the war began these players, being Hungarians, had to get out of France or be interned as enemies. If they had returned to Hungary they would have had to put rifles on their shoulders in place of violins. So they all migrated into Spain, filling the country with music.

Spain already had its share of gypsies, relics of the days of the Moors. These greeted the newcomers with open arms. They play together and often hold grand entertainments, at which one of the Hungarian gypsy bands play, an Austrian Polish gypsy sings and a Spanish gypsy dances. Pastor Imperio, the fiery queen of the Spanish gypsies who married the king of the bull fighters, Guyio, is one of the star dancers.

It is said the weird, Oriental strains of the eastern gypsies, combining with the wild toreador music of the Spaniards, make strange, but pleasing music. A few bars of American ragtime is introduced now and then, to give dash to the dancing of the tango and one-step. This medley of music is heard everywhere, at entertainments, theatres, hotels, concert halls and even in the streets, for Spain is crowded with these wandering players.

HOLIDAY TIME, CALLS FOR

FLEET FOOT

SUMMER SHOES

CAN'T trust yourself to slippery leather, in canoe, sail boat or yacht. And, of course, you have to have Fleet Foot Shoes for tennis, baseball, golf and lacrosse. Fleet Foot Pumps or low shoes are the proper accompaniment of Summer apparel. And Fleet Foot Summer Shoes cost so much less than leather, that it is real economy to wear them.

DOMINION RUBBER SYSTEM

Look trim and neat—enjoy yourself—and save money, by wearing Fleet Foot this summer. 202

To The Crown Prince

The Crown Prince wrote to the burgomaster of Berlin after he had reviewed some Berlin troops: "With such troops we can fetch the devil from hell." That has already been done by German troops and the devil thus brought forth has been busy drowning men, women and children who are not engaged in the fighting and in the work of impoverishing France by laying waste her lands and buildings. But what merit is there in bringing the devil from hell? To hell he was consigned by his own misdeeds many thousands of years ago, and in hell let him stay. If the Crown Prince desires his company let him go where the devil ought to be instead of trying to bring the devil and hell upon earth.—Hartford Courant.

The British Artillery

In the spring of 1915 the Italian artillery, heavy and light, was declared by military critics to be the finest in Europe, while the woeful weakness in artillery of the British army was common talk. Now the British are not only overmatching the Germans, gun for gun and shell for shell, but have heavy artillery to spare to reinforce the Italian batteries. It may take John Bull a long time to reach a certain point, but when he does arrive he gets there with both feet.—New York World.

Mrs. Jones—Does my daughter's piano practice annoy your husband?

Neighbor—Oh, not at all—Jack can't tell one note from another!

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GERMAN METHODS IN BELGIUM CREATE REAL REIGN OF TERROR

HORRORS OF THE GERMAN INQUISITION REVEALED

A Frightful Account Is Given of the So-called Judicial Methods Of the Germans in Dealing With the Persecuted Inhabitants Of Stricken Belgium

An interview was had by a representative of Reuter's Agency in London with a Belgian gentleman of high social position, who succeeded in escaping from Belgium, knowing that he was about to fall into the hands of the German secret police. He gives a terrible account of the Germans' so-called judicial methods, which have produced a veritable reign of terror, in many respects resembling the procedure of the Inquisition.

"In a vague way," he said, "the world knows something of German military tribunals, but I doubt if it is realized that something like one thousand citizens are condemned every month for patriotic offences. During the three months preceding January last, forty-two death sentences were inflicted in one court alone.

"Nobody who has not gone through it can realize the extent of terror which prevails, owing to the methods employed by the German secret police, and for obvious reasons very few people are able to give any precise particulars.

"A German sergeant was ordered to arrest 'figeurs' in the early days of the war, but as he was unable to find any, and not daring to present himself before his chief empty-handed, he simply arrested the first unoffending peasants he met on the road. This sort of thing now happens daily in the campaign of persecution directed against the patriots.

"Large towns like Brussels and Antwerp continue to swarm with spies, and they often visit small towns and even villages where they think there is the slightest chance to procure their abominable trade. Occasionally the secret police disguise themselves as escaped French prisoners, or pose as guides ready to help the distracted people to escape through the electric wire frontier. When they have succeeded in gaining the confidence of their victims, they promptly denounce them to the kommandatur.

"The next stage is the tragedy in prison, from which escape is almost impossible. Every day the victims are visited in their cells, not by judges and lawyers, but by German officers and police bullies, who wring confessions from them. I know one man who was cross-examined in this way for eight hours without intermission and without food. When the first torturer was exhausted he was replaced by a second, who continued the ordeal. The prisoner, refusing to confess, was threatened and struck in the face.

"Some times 'gents provocateurs,' disguised as prisoners, mix with the patriots, abusing the Germans and complaining of their cruelty. In this way they obtain the sympathy and confidence of their companions, and, if the latter are unwise enough to trust them, they are promptly confronted with them and obliged to confess their fault. I also know cases where relatives and friends of prisoners were arrested, and the latter were told that their mother or sister had denounced them.

"Trial is a mere farce. In most cases the defendants may not receive the help of a Belgian barrister. This depends entirely on the good-will of the governor of the district. The usual procedure is for the German clerk, after the indictment has been read, to speak a few words for the defence, without having any knowledge of the case. If a barrister does attend the case, he is not allowed to communicate with the prisoner, either in prison or elsewhere, so that it is impossible for him to obtain knowledge of the facts.

"The only way to help the prisoner is to obtain information by bribery from the clerk in charge of the dossier, and after the man has been condemned to address a petition to the Governor-General."

Once Rejected by the Czar

Could Not Be Mayor of Moscow Because He Held Liberal Views

It was only four years ago that George Lvoff, the premier of the new Russian government which has driven the Czar from the throne and put his traitorous pro-German ministers in prison, was told by the Czar that he could not be mayor of Moscow because he was too liberal and democratic in his views as to how a Russian city should be governed. Lvoff has been nominated for the mayoralty and the people of Moscow wanted him in the office because of the reforms he advocated. But the Czar, exercising the right he then had, over the local affairs of all municipalities, declared that the nomination would have to be withdrawn, and there was no appeal from that decree. Four years were not very long for Lvoff to have to wait before being able to tell the Czar that he could no longer be a Czar, because he was not liberal and democratic enough.

Big Increase in Crop Areas

A return issued by the census and statistics office of the Canadian government shows the increase that has taken place in the area under crop in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta of recent years. The acreage under wheat in these provinces in 1906 was 5,620,493, and in 10 years this increased to 13,799,897. During the same period the area under oats was tripled, and under flax more than quadrupled.

Commission to Handle 1917 Crop

Many Interests Represented and Members are Given Wide Powers

The government has appointed a grain handling commission with wide powers. The commission will be composed of:

Dr. Magill, secretary of the Grain exchange, chairman.

H. W. Woods, president of the United Farmers of Alberta.

S. K. Rathwell, grain producer of Moose Jaw.

T. A. Crerar, manager of the Grain Growers' Grain company.

J. C. Gage, president of the Grain exchange, Winnipeg.

W. R. Bawlf, prominent grain dealer and vice-president of the exchange.

W. A. Best, parliamentary representative of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.

Controller Ainey, of Montreal, a Labor man.

Lionel H. Clarke, of the Toronto Harbor commission.

W. A. Matthewson, western manager of the Lake of the Woods Milling company.

James Stewart, Canadian representative on the British Wheat Purchasing commission.

The commission will have authority to fix grain prices on shipment from storage elevators, but not the price paid to farmers. They can make offers of purchase from the British and allied governments, and determine what quantity to sell, having regard to Canadian needs, together with the price required. They will further have power to take grain from elevators without the permission of the owners, and fix the price to them and to the purchasers.

They can investigate the storage and accumulation of grain, and prevent the restriction of marketing.

On the demand of the commission the railway commission can order cars to any point and in any number, notwithstanding anything in the grain act to the contrary. No grain price can be fixed without the approval of the chairman.

Pending the formation of a United States board, the Canadian board will endeavor to hold prices on a parity with those across the border.

Reduced German Rations

Bread Allowance Cut One-Third and There are Now Two Meatless Days a Week

The conditions as to food supplies in Germany may be conjectured from the fact that it is now definitely settled that the best fed of the German fighting units subsist on a ration which equals only three-fifths in weight and value that issued to the British troops. The best nourished German troops are those in reserve just back of the fighting lines. They receive the maximum ration. Since the spring of 1916, however, the bread allowance has been cut down one-third. The greater part of this reduction has occurred during the last eight months. There are now two meatless days a week in the German trenches. Even the indispensable sausage allowance has been cut down to two and three-quarter ounces daily. Rice has been eliminated entirely, being replaced by dry turnips.

A comparison between the British and German rations is interesting and illuminating. The only issues which are common with the two forces are bread, meat and vegetables. These are common in substance but not in weight or quality by any means. The Germans have exclusively an issue of flour and sausage, while the British have exclusively rice, oatmeal, jam, cheese and bacon.

Making All Work

A Move to Abolish Idleness in West Virginia

War has abolished poverty in England, a magazine writer says. In West Virginia, the war, aided by the state legislature, has moved to abolish idleness. A measure recently passed in that state requires every able-bodied citizen between the ages of 16 to 60 to work at least 36 hours a week.

The remarkable thing about the law is that it requires persons who have incomes already sufficient to maintain them without labor to find employment. Any one violating this law will be put to work by the counties and municipalities and half their allowance will go to dependents. It is apparent that if all those who squander today the fruits of the toil of others were forced to employ their leisure in useful work our national wealth would increase in proportion.

Plenty for all is not a dream, whether reference is to money or work.—Kansas City Star.

Germans Admit Subs Falling Off

According to the Rotterdam correspondent of the London Daily News, the German reports on the destruction brought by the submarines not only show a regular daily falling off, but are becoming more vague in character, being simultaneously put back in less conspicuous places in the German newspapers, the places on the front pages being taken by highly laudatory reports of the latest air raids on England.

Another German Peace Drive Soon

The True Issues of the War and What the Allies Must Insist On

It is good news that comes from Washington that the president is soon formally to associate American opinion with that of the Allies in the matter of certain objects of the war. The only nation in the war that has from the outset clearly, definitely declared for the formula of no annexation and no indemnity is the United States. A recognition by the United States of the justice of the French, Serbian and Belgian title to indemnity, of the French claim upon Alsace-Lorraine and the Italian claim upon Trieste and the Trentino will be a useful contribution to clarify the situation, and it should serve to destroy the latest German campaign for a German peace.

Last winter the German press and the German leaders told their people that peace would come not later than July 1. They explained that the Allies were bound to make a new attack in the west. They forecasted the defeat of this attack and asserted that when this offensive had been checked there would be an end of all Allied hope of winning the war and peace by negotiation would follow.

It is clear that the Germans are now making a desperate effort to give at least a semblance of reality to the hopes they awakened six months ago. Unmistakably we are in the presence of another German peace drive, which is being stimulated in every possible quarter where German influence or pacifist sympathy exists. We shall find many echoes in the United States, and we must look for many manifestations in states still neutral, like Sweden, Holland and Switzerland.

Today the Germans are endeavoring to make use of Socialist propaganda and Socialist leaders to force a German peace. The old alliance between the Puritan and the "blackleg" is now being reproduced in the concerted action of the Pacifist and the Prussian.

The American people should bear clearly in mind what are now the issues of the war. There can be no talk of peace founded on justice which does not start with the proposal by Germany to evacuate all the country which she has occupied—Belgium, Serbia, Roumania, Northern France and Russian Poland. Until Germany makes such a proposal it requires no argument to demonstrate that she is merely attempting to exploit a world-weariness of war and a universal longing for peace to the end that she may preserve some portion of her booty.—New York Tribune.

Natural Gas

Inexhaustable Supply in Alberta Available for Manufacturing Purposes

One of the greatest resources of the province of Alberta is the enormous deposit of natural gas to be found in many parts of the province, but especially in the south-eastern section, near Medicine Hat. At Medicine Hat itself there are twenty wells owned by the municipality of the city, with an approximate daily open flow of 50,000,000 cubic feet, equal to 200,000 horsepower, of which less than one-tenth is actually in use. Seventeen wells flowing about 170,000,000 feet a day, have been drilled at Bow Island, the gas being piped 200 miles to the city of Calgary, supplying Lethbridge and Macleod and other towns en route. Gas has also been found near Wetaskiwin, Castor, Viking, Tofield, High River and on the Athabasca River. This inexhaustible fuel is available for power purposes for manufacturing, and where it has been developed is supplied at very low rates.

Stirring Appeal Made to Russians

Sir G. Buchanan Says He Had Told Czar an Irresponsible Autocracy was Doomed

Sir George Buchanan, the British ambassador, addressing a great meeting held under the auspices of the Russo-British society, said he had constantly tried to impress on former Emperor Nicholas that in the twentieth century an irresponsible autocracy was an anachorism which could not endure. Russia, the ambassador said, had captured the bastille of autocracy by assault in a single week and must consolidate the new-won freedom.

"If you would keep it," Sir George continued, "not only must you defend it against attacks of the enemy but also drive him from the national territory, in order that your brothers in those occupied provinces may enjoy the same measure of freedom as yourselves. Only enable you to reap the harvest ow your revolution the democrats of France and Great Britain have been holding or driving back the main forces of the Germans and shedding their blood not only in defence of their national patrimony, but to safeguard the new-born liberties of Russia. Had they not done so, had the Germans not transferred to the west large bodies of troops who had been concentrated on your front, it might have gone hard with free Russia.

"We look for you now to help relieve the constant pressure on our front by yourselves taking the offensive and thus bring the war to a speedy end and secure to the world the blessings of a permanent peace."

Old Ranch Changes Hands

One of the old ranches in the Medicine Hat district recently changed hands for the sum of $120,000. The land included, whichbeds mostly land under lease, consists of more than 70,000 acres. The new owners plan to cut 500 tons of hay on the ranch this year to use for winter feed.

Tunnelling the English Channel

What the Value Would be Is Brought Home During War Times

War, that for long years has filled Englishmen's minds with fear of invasion if a tunnel were to be built under the English channel, strangely enough has pointed the very wisdom of the great undertaking. If there had been a tunnel under the English Channel during this war, Great Britain would have been relieved of the task of conveying to and fro from France the transports and hospital ships which convey men and munitions and wounded and sick to and from the battlefields of France. The allies could laugh at threatening submarines in those waters. All these things the Englishman sees today, and it is more than likely that one of the first great after-the-war engineering feats that will be undertaken will be the construction of the English Chanel tunnel.

At a recent meeting of the Royal Geographical society in London, Sir Francis Fox explained that owing to the necessity of keeping the tunnel well within the thickness of the grey chalk that is characteristic of the southern limits of England, there would be a slight curve. The maximum depth of water over the tunnel would be from 160 to 180 feet, and the roof of chalk over the structure has been fixed at a minimum of 100 feet.

The tunnel would consist of two tubes of 18 feet diameter. All the work would be done by electrically-driven machinery, and excavation and other operations would be carried on simultaneously at many points, and a record speed would be reached. The tunnel could be worked and ventilated and pumped by electricity from a Kent power-station ten miles inland.

The tunnel would have a dip in the level of the rails forming a water-lock by which the tunnel could, in case of emergency, be filled with water from floor to roof for the length of a mile. This would be under control of Dover Castle, and the entrance and exit of both tunnels would be under the gun-fire of the Dover forts.

Trains would be run direct from London to Paris in less than six hours, and passengers would be able to go from London to Constantinople, Petrograd, and by the Siberian express to the Far East without change of carriage.

Liquid Fire

How This Terrible Weapon of Destruction Is Projected

The Germans have not hesitated to introduce any of the ancient or modern weapons of offense and defense which they thought would be of advantage, regardless of The Hague Conventions or accepted standards of civilization. Among these is "liquid fire," a weapon of value principally because of its demoralizing effect upon those attacked. There are few casualities resulting from liquid fire, but it is the psychological effect that is sought.

The apparatus usually consists of a metal tank holding about four gallons of liquid to be burned, a section of pipe from this tank to a rubber hose at the other end, in which there is a smaller metal pipe about a yard long fitted with a nozzle and a friction igniter, as well as an oil-burning wick. There is a valve near the tank and another near the nozzle. Benzol, from coal tar, and crude oil are used in equal proportions and are carried in the tank under a pressure of approximately 300 lbs. per square inch, this pressure being maintained by compressed nitrogen, an inert gas having no effect upon the contents of the tank. The tank and accessories are carried by one man, while the nozzle is carried by a companion who, when liquid is being burned, may be fixed in position and operated by the same man who carries the tank.

In use a cap is drawn from the end of the nozzle and a wick burning kerosene or similar oil is thereby lighted, since the cap is a friction igniter. The oil is then turned on and is ignited as it leaves the nozzle under great pressure. The result is a flame of burning oil about 30 yards long. For two-thirds of this distance the flame is straight, but it then turns up as does any other flame. The flame may be directed against the ground, but care must be taken not to deflect it too sharply, as it may strike the ground and turn back toward those operating the device. It is therefore not well suited to turning down into a trench.

It is claimed by an expert from the American Chemical Society that liquid fire is not so effective as is thought that it is understood by the troops and means for defense have been worked out. It can readily be understood, however, that a number of such devices, with the rout of the escaping oil, when used together gave a means of demoralizing the defenders of a trench especially at night, and in the beginning was a valuable accessory, especially by raiding parties.—H. E. Howe, in Toronto Globe.

Steel That Won't Rust

A steel that neither rusts nor tarnishes has been discovered in England. It is what is commonly called an alloy steel; that is, it consists of ordinary steel in that it contains a special element of metal. In this case it is chromium, which is mainly responsible for bestowing the stainless, and rustless properties. By incorporating from twelve to thirteen per cent. of this metal in mild carbon steel the new properties are obtained. An English metallurgist, in gathering together some rods of steel which had lain a long time in his laboratory, noticed that while most of them were badly rusted or stained, a few were as bright as when originally made. This led to the present discovery and manufacture of the steel.

CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES UNITE IN FEEDING THE ALLIES

ENGLISH-SPEAKING NATIONS IN CLOSER BOND

The Results of the British War Mission to the United States Will Have a Far-Reaching Effect, Making It Possible for the U. S. To Co-Operate More Fully With the Allies

A Serious War

Lest the U.S. Alone Should Have to Settle With Germany

Frank A. Vanderlip, president of the National City Bank, New York, in a recent Liberty Loan speech said:

"I am afraid that people are not altogether awake to the seriousness of this war; not altogether comprehending that we are in war, that we are in a very serious war—war that might even come to our own shores. It is easy to think that Germany is 3,000 miles away, surrounded by the greatest armies that were ever assembled; that the war is likely to be over before we can get any men into it; that we are like a manufacturer or merchant who is getting his customers to keep on buying at rather extraorbitant prices, and that we are doing a good thing in loaning to the Allies, but that we are not in a very serious situation. As I conceive it, it is much more serious than that.

"Now, just let us take one or two contingencies that are perfectly possible. We have had a revolution in Russia. No man in America or Russia can tell what the future of that situation is. It is surely conceivable that Russia might make a separate peace. I do not believe she will, but it is conceivable. What would happen then? It is said that there are a million and a half prisoners in Russia. Suppose all the forces of the Central Powers on the Eastern border might be withdrawn; suppose their forces were augmented by a million and a half returned prisoners; suppose Russia's food stores were opened for Germany, and all that happening very promptly, which is a conceivable thing. In that event could the armies of England and France on the western border withstand the onslaught? It is not conceivable that if some solution is not found for the submarine menace England may be brought to the point of starvation? No matter what her wealth may be, starving men could not fight.

"I tell you it is within the possibilities that we may be raising not a Liberty Loan to pay for a war we hope successfully to wage but a loan to pay the cost of a war Germany has been waging on civilization. This is no wild picture. I certainly do not believe it is within the figure of events, but there is a possibility enough in it to cause us to wake up as a nation, to make us recognize that we are in a great and uncertain war, and that we must support the military movement which this government has got to make."

A German Trick

Krupp Makers Put Kibosh on Rumanian Artillery

The world at large was puzzled by the rapid and overwhelming defeat of the Rumanian army. The solution of the puzzle lies in the field of optics.

Every one knows that the former friend of the Triple Alliance was provided with Krupp guns running expressly for it. But very few know that, with a really devilish foresight the Prussian munition purveyors wrecked the extremely delicate leveling instruments by filling them with water, instead of a salt solution whose purpose is to prevent the freezing of the liquid. Of course, had the Rumanian army allied itself with the central powers this little "oversight" would have been corrected in due time.

Call the procedure of Krupp and the Prussian government what you please, we must place the blame at the doors of the Rumanian artillery inspectors. At any rate, as soon as the Rumanian guns reached the cold mountain regions, the diminutive glass tubes burst—we know the rest.

Russia and Freedom

The Fate of the Erstwhile Land of the Czar Unless a Miracle Happens

What fitness is there in the unlettered millions of Russia for the distinguishing duty of the republican citizen? It is very easy and exhilarating to march up and down a street waving red flags and acclaiming something called a revolution. It is fine to stone a minister who has had the courage and devotion to speak of duty instead of privilege, of law instead of loot. But though the dreamers of a new world in white and rose shall be swans and no man shall work may pour their eloquence forth, this is not self-government. The paraders in Petrograd think they are marching to Utopia. They are counter-marching through anarchy back to despotism.

Unless a miracle happens, the Russian people will presently find themselves under a Cæsar, and glad to be there. For the price of ignorant liberty is anarchy and the despot is less terrible than the anarch.—Chicago Tribune.

He—I met Jack last night. He told me he was on his way to propose to the prettiest girl in town.

She—The sibber! He didn't come near me.

"My husband is always in the clouds."

"Is he a dreamer or an aeronaut?"

The British war mission left American soil after six weeks' of conferences which have reached into every phase of American life and are expected vitally to affect the future of the U.S. if not of the world.

Uncle Sam now knows the Allies' needs in detail and in the order of their importance, the Allies know America's resources and the degree of their availability. Thus it is possible for the United States to enter into co-operation with the grand alliance in the way most calculated to bring success.

While there nave been no formal agreements or binding treaties, Great Britain and the United States undoubtedly have been placed on a closer basis of friendship than at any time since the separation a century and a quarter ago, and Mr. Balfour, who was in the U.S. longer than any previous foreign secretary had been away from London since the Napoleonic wars, has succeeded his life dream of closer sympathy between the two great branches of the English speaking people.

The most far-reaching understandings arrived at have been in trade matters. In general the United States will give the Allies preferential treatment in commerce. Details, however, could not be agreed upon, as congress has not yet passed the legislation necessary to deal with embargo, trading with the enemy, control of cargo space, and the like.

A definite understanding has been reached to cover both American and Canadian wheat for sale to the Allied wheat executive. Canada will co-operate fully with the U.S., probably through the proposed food administration bureau, and will agree to the control of prices if that policy be adopted in legislation now before the U.S. congress. The wheat executive committee has supplied the figures of its needs, expressed confidence that they can be met, and shown how the results will be allotted among the various Allies.

Munitions control and purchase will be similarly centralized, through the Allied buying committee, though without price control. The council of national defence has charged itself with so increasing manufacture as to provide for the American army without cutting off exports vitally needed abroad.

The United States is considering the invitation extended by the British that all the Allies send permanent representatives to sit on the Allied commissions in London, including those on wheat, munitions, shipping and general supplies.

In finance the mission has secured government loans to Great Britain at 3 1-2 per cent, or at cost to the U.S. government and at a saving of 1 1-2 to 2 per cent. to the British.

The British visitors were able to clear away many doubts as to military training and other technical matters. The fruits of Great Britain's experience have been invaluable in guiding American officials and lessons learned by British have proved decisive on many points of policy.

The mission found it necessary to leave a number of its experts in Washington as attaches to the embassy to help handle the enormous amount of new work developed. Lord Eustace Percy and C. J. Phillips will continue trade discussion, and Geoffrey Butler, of the foreign office, will continue his service to the press. A house near the embassy has been taken as an overflow.

Dogs Play Part In War

Thousands of Unsung Red Cross Dog Heroes Which Have Been Killed

Sylvester Allerton of London, England, who is in the U.S. to purchase dogs for the Canine Relief Squadra, a privately endowed organization in England, told some interesting stories before starting for the Middle West.

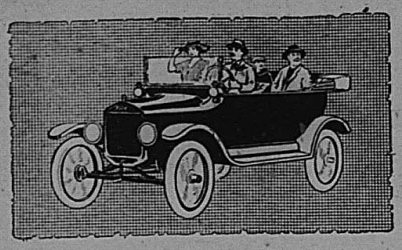
"No one," he said, "can possibly realize the great work that dogs are doing in the great struggle abroad. The chivalry and heroism of the Red Cross dogs are perhaps well known, but there are thousands of unsung canine heroes which have been killed, maimed and wounded while serving the cause of the allies.

"Aside from the companionship of dogs, which has been a great boon to the men in the trenches, many of them have proved such excellent carriers of messages and aides in hauling provisions about the trenches that their work is absolutely indispensable.

In our kennels in London we have twenty-five blinded dogs. They were wounded in the thick of the fighting. They cause back. It is uncanny how they seem to realize that they have played their part in the greatest struggle of mankind. They grope about in the dark, but they wag their tails and frisk about just as much as to say 'Don't pity us, we have done nothing.' Many of them have been paralyzed by the concussion of shells. Hundreds have died. More dogs are needed, not only at the front, but in families where there are no children, so that they may forget in a measure their losses. I have read where there is a law in New York state urging the killing of some dogs. If these law makers could see what the dogs have done in the war they would change their attitude."

Many a man's failure is due to his being afraid to try.

Buy Your Ford NOW Positively no Reduction in Price



THE NEW MODEL WHICH HAS BECOME EXCEEDINGLY POPULAR IN ELKHORN AND THROUGHOUT THE WEST

THE FORD Company have in the past announced a reduction in the price of their car which has been effective at the beginning of the contract year, August 1st. Owing to the continued rise in price of raw material, all local dealers have been advised that there will be no reduction this year and that no guarantee can be given that there will be no price increase on or after August 1st, 1917.

In view of this advice, I immediately secured a large shipment of these popular cars so that prospective purchasers might take advantage of the current price which is---

$495.00

F.O.B. FORD, ONTARIO

---thus you may be assured of saving considerable if you place your order NOW. Don't delay, "Time means Money" in this respect.

Yours for business,

W. J. PHILLIPS

The Ford Dealer. ELKHORN, MAN.

Moral : BUY YOUR FORD AT ONCE

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres of extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY C.M.G.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior

C. W. CROSBY
Commissioner in B.R
ELKHORN, - MANITOBA

W. MANCHESTER, D.V.S.
Graduate of McGill University
Office Phone will be announced shortly
RESIDENCE PHONE 13, ELKHORN

J. Harvey Miller
Dealer in Agricultural Implements, Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.
ELKHORN, MAN.

JOHN PRITCHARD, LL.B.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, Etc.
PHONE 6 — P.O. DRAWER 619
Virden. — Manitoba.

R. N. SCOTNEY, B. A.
Solicitor and Notary Public
Commissioner in B.R.
ELKHORN, - MAN.

GOULTER & CHALMERS
H. H. GOULTER: J. H. CHALMERS.
Barristers, Attorneys, Notaries Public.
Office.—
Bank of Ottawa Building., Virden.
Money to Loan on Farm & Town Properties

Country Correspondents Wanted

TELEPHONE No. 42

HAIL Insurance
The Excess Insurance Company, Limited
OF LONDON, ENGLAND
Assets ....over $5,000,000.00
Capital and Reserve $1,634,000.00
Just call phone 38 and I will drive out and take your application.
Insure early, it costs no more.
AGENT:
W. DAVEY
ELKHORN, - MANITOBA

THAT NEW SUIT
Will give you satisfaction if tailored by an expert from the best material at a reasonable price with fit guaranteed—CALL IN AND TALK IT OVER.
CLEANING AND PRESSING A SPECIALTY
FRED ACORN
Next Barber Shop. ELKHORN

SERBIAN RHAPSODY

A special edition of the official Serbian newspaper, Srpski Novine, announced the recapture of Monastir in these words: "Beneath the formidable blow of our armies from the east and from the allied armies from the south, on November 19, at eight o'clock in the morning on the holiday of Sunday, Monastir, the star of Macedonia, our beautiful Serbian Monastir, welcomed once more the sun of liberty, which will never set again. Our good old King has once again set the diamond of Monastir in his crown. The young Crown Prince of Great Serbia has once more met with glorious success, and a crown of laurels has fallen on the brows of the sons of our veteran soldiers."

Hockey Star and Officer

Better known as Howard, one of the three famous hockey brothers and the bigger of the famous "Dynamite Twins," this powerful athlete became captain in the 228th Overseas Battalion, Northern Fusiliers, which was raised in the Cobalt and Sudbury districts. He was a defence player in the N.H.A. for years.

KING AS PRESIDENT

Sketch of Novel Imperial Constitution For British Peoples

In a study of "The Problems of Empire," Lionel Curtis deals with the training of a constitution for the future government of the Empire which he prefers to call the commonwealth. Mr. Curtis would provide a great central Imperial parliament, in which all the colonies, and, to a certain extent, the dependencies of the British Empire would be represented, and would give this parliament power to arrange all matters involving the foreign policy of the Empire. The position of the King-Emperor in the scheme suggested would be that of "hereditary president."

After considering various proposals, and dismissing them as impracticable, Mr. Curtis arrives at the conclusion that there should be two British parliaments at Westminster, one for the control of the domestic affairs of the British Isles and the other, or "Imperial parliament," for the foreign affairs of the Empire. The colonies are to be fully represented in this second or "Imperial parliament," and every colony is to furnish a minister, with or without a portfolio, to its cabinet. Each colony would continue to maintain its own parliament at home for the management of its domestic affairs, as at present. Mr. Curtis further proposes that the dependencies of the British Empire—such as British India—should be represented in the Imperial parliament.

AMID ACRES OF HORRORS

Unendurable Sights and Sounds But Quick Recovery

Urging never-ceasing attack, a British correspondent writes from France: It is not only the bursting shell and fear of attack that the enemy has to endure. The sights of the battlefield weaken men's fibre even more than the sounds. A German soldier wrote as follows: "Trenches quite fallen in. . . Dead and buried were to be seen in masses in and out of the trenches. . . Six or eight men were lying near piled one on the top of the other. On the way to our 6th Company, which we found after a search of two and a half hours, there were just as many corpses and men buried by shells and men who had not been properly buried. We saw terrible sights."

I have left out the worst passages, but this is enough to hint what the enemy's soldiers have to endure, and the new battlefield reveals acres of such spectacles. A number of men have not been able to endure it. Almost all—I speak of men, not officers—are glad to be prisoners. But this alleged German demoralization is physical, and the body recovers. When we relax the enemy recovers quickly.

Private, Guest of General

The new armies have destroyed many old traditions, and the passing of such a one is seen (says the Yorkshire Evening Post) in the announcement that Pte. Albert Hill, V.C., of Denton, is staying at Aldershot as the guest of Brigadier-General R. J. Kentish. Pte. Hill was decorated by the King at Buckingham Palace and in the evening met the brigadier-general, who commanded the brigade when Hill won the V.C. Hill was the guest of the general at the Oxford Music Hall and occupied a box. For a few days Hill was the guest of the general at Aldershot, and an officer and private travelled to Denton, where they were met by troops, a regimental band, and there was a civic reception.

A. M. FRAZER & SON
INSURANCE OF ALL KINDS
$1000 to let out on good security
FARMS FOR SALE
AGENTS FOR
Star Poultry Supplies
and Vermin Destroyer for Horses, Cattle, Sheep Pigs and Poultry

A. M. FRAZER & SON
Commissioners in B.R.
Office over the Post Office
ELKHORN - MANITOBA

ELKHORN LODGE
No. 74
G.R.M., A.F.&A.M.
Holds its Regular Meeting in the Masonic Hall, on Monday, July 30 at, 8 p. m. Visiting Brothers welcome.
J. R. GROAT, W. M. — H. J. JONAS, Sec.

COURT OF ELKS
NO. 21
Will meet in the Masonic Temple, Elkhorn on
WEDNESDAY, AUG. 1, 1917, at 8 p.m., sharp.
W. J. MONTGOMERY, C.R.
F. C. NORRIS, F.S. — A. B. STATHAM, R.S.

ALEXANDRA LODGE
NO. 46
I.O.O.F.
ELKHORN, - MAN.
Meets every Thursday in the Masonic Temple, at 8 p.m.
Visiting brethren welcome
W. H. HEAD, N.G. R. M. FRAZER Sec.

THE ELKHORN MERCURY DIRECTORY

MUNICIPALITY OF THE VILLAGE OF ELKHORN
J. Mooney, Mayor.
Councillors:
C. G. Webster — C. W. Crosby
J. H. Carscadden — W. Davey
A. M. Frazer, Sec.-Treas.
Jos. Webster, Assessor.

RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF WALLACE
Chas. E. Ivens, Reeve
Councillors:
H. Larmer. — Ed. Naylen.
A. J. Swan. — H. Nelson
Geo. E. Blakeman. — J. O'Neil
W. Whiteford, Sec.-Treas., Vr'dn
A. Odell, Assessor, Hargrave

COUNTY COURT OF ELKHORN
Hon. T. D. Cumberland, Judge.
W. Davey, Clerk.
A. B. Statham (pro tem.) Bailiff.
Court Sittings—March, June, September, December

ELKHORN BOARD OF TRADE
C. G. WEBSTER, President
J. MOONEY, Secretary-Treasurer

ELKHORN SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 366
R. DE W. WALLER, Chairman
W. J. TINLINE
C. W. CROSBY, Sec.-Treasurer.

THE CHURCHES

St. Mark's (Anglican)
Rev. V. S. Bell, V'car
Morning Service 11 a.m.
Sunday School at 3.00 p.m.
Evening Service, 7.30 p.m.

First Presbyterian
Rev. R. B. Ledingham, B.A.
Sunday School at 11 a.m.
Evening Service, 7.30 p.m.

Trinity Methodist
Rev. D. B. Kennedy
Sunday School at 2.30 p.m.
Evening Service, 7.30 p.m.

C. P. R. TIME TABLE

Going East
No. 62 ..... at 1.45
No. 54 daily ex. Sun.. at 14.55
No. 4 ..... at 11.30
No. 60 (Branch)..... at 21.33
Tues., Thurs., Sat.

Going West
No. 61 ..... at 5.12
No. 53 daily ex. Sun.. at 14.55
No. 3 ..... at 18.17
No. 59 (Branch) ..... at 9.18
Tues., Thurs., Sat.